# Overseas Adventure Travel®

THE LEADER IN PERSONALIZED SMALL GROUP ADVENTURES SINCE 1978

## Your O.A.T. Adventure Travel Planning Guide®



Turkish Coastal Voyage: Greek Islands, Istanbul & Athens

2025

## Overseas Adventure Travel®

347 Congress Street, Boston, MA 02210

#### Dear Traveler,

I am thrilled that you are considering exploring the world with O.A.T. There are so many wonderful destinations to discover, and the itinerary described inside is a perfect way to fulfill a travel dream.

When you join us, you will enjoy the thrill of off-the-beaten-path discovery coupled with the convenience of unpacking just once. Aboard our privately owned small ship, you will visit lesser-known ports that larger vessels cannot access—and enjoy intimate interactions with local people in your small group of no more than 25 travelers. You will get to know community leaders and try your hand at local trades during your *A Day in the Life* experience, share traditional fare and lively conversation during a Home-Hosted Visit, discuss the Controversial Topics impacting everyday life, and visit sites supported by Grand Circle Foundation.

But your personal connections are not limited to your time on land—while onboard, you will enjoy the warm hospitality provided by our friendly, English-speaking crew, as well as the camaraderie of your fellow American travelers. Whether you travel with a partner, sister, friend, or independently, you will feel welcomed and included throughout your journey. And if you do choose to travel solo, you will enjoy an unmatched value, with our FREE or low-cost Single Supplements—just one of the reasons we continue to be the leader in solo travel.

To ensure you experience the true culture and feel supported every step of the way, we provide the services of a local Trip Experience Leader from the beginning of your adventure to the end. Along with introducing you to the history and culture of their homeland, these friendly experts will gladly help you out with any special requests to make your trip even more special. You can also rely on the seasoned team at our regional office, who are ready to help 24/7 in case any unexpected circumstances arise.

Plus, you can put your own personal stamp on your trip, like the, like the **87% of our travelers who personalize their experience**. Perhaps you will choose to see more of your destination by adding an optional trip extension to your itinerary. You can also arrive a few days early to explore independently and get acclimated, customize your air itinerary, and more.

I hope you find this Travel Planning Guide helpful. If you have any further questions, do not hesitate to contact one of our Travel Counselors at **1-800-955-1925**.

Warm regards,

Harrit R Levi

Harriet R. Lewis Chair Overseas Adventure Travel

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## Turkish Coastal Voyage: Greek Islands, Istanbul & Athens

Small Ship Adventure

**Turkey:** Istanbul, Troy, Ephesus | **Greek Islands:** Chios, Patmos, Kalymnos, Kos, Symi, Rhodes | **Greece:** Athens

Small groups of no more than 25 travelers, guaranteed

#### 16 days starting from \$8,095

including international airfare Single Supplement: FREE or \$1,495

For departure dates & prices, visit www.oattravel.com/art2025pricing

Cruise the legendary waters of the Aegean—Homer's "wine-dark sea"—and discover the enchantment and beauty of the Greek islands dotting Turkey's breathtaking Aegean coastline on a 7-night cruise aboard the privately owned, **50-passenger M/V** *Arethusa*. You'll explore classical ruins, delve into ancient legends, and be immersed in the charm and traditions of life in the Greek Islands.

#### IT'S INCLUDED

- 14 nights accommodation, including 7 nights aboard the privately owned, 50-passenger small ship M/V Arethusa
- International airfare, airport transfers, government taxes, fees, and airline fuel surcharges, unless you choose to make your own air arrangements
- 36 meals: 14 breakfasts, 9 lunches, 13 dinners—including 1 Home-Hosted Lunch—plus all onboard house beer, wine, and soft drinks
- 16 guided tours and cultural experiences
- Gratuities for local guides and motorcoach drivers
- All port charges
- Baggage handling for 1 piece of luggage per person, including tips
- 5% Frequent Traveler Credit toward your next trip

Prices are accurate as of the date of this publishing and are subject to change.



#### WHAT TO EXPECT

12345 Moderately Easy

**Pacing:** 15 days, with 7 nights aboard a 50-passenger small ship, one three-night hotel stay, and two two-night hotel stays

**Physical Requirements:** Walk 3 miles unassisted and participate in 6-8 hours of physical activities each day, including activities with 2 hours of walking on uneven surfaces uphill, with several sets of stairs

Flight time: Travel time will be 10-17 hours and most likely have one connection

View all physical requirements at www.oattravel.com/art

#### **TURKEY & GREECE: THE O.A.T. DIFFERENCE**

Unbeatable Value: Travel at the lowest price and per diems in the industry.

**People-to-People Experiences:** Experience the Turkish countryside in Dikili, a mountain village in the Kozak Valley and share a traditional, **Home-Hosted Lunch** with a local family as you discuss rural Turkish life. Plus, visit a local weaving cooperative in Kusadasi and learn from artisans about this complex craft.

**O.A.T. Exclusives:** Spend 7 nights with 21 expert crew members aboard our privately owned 50-passenger small ship as you sail along the glittering Aegean to discover the rugged landscapes and quaint towns of Turkey's western coast— an area that larger ships often pass by. Our ship's size allows us direct access to six unique Greek Islands, offering an intimate view of the Mediterranean that no other travel company can provide. We'll also get a rare glimpse into the daily life of rural Turkey during *A Day in the Life* of a small village.

#### **ITINERARY SUMMARY**

DAYS	DESTINATION
1	Depart U.S.
2-4	Istanbul, Turkey
5-6	Canakkale
7-13	Dikili • Embark ship • Cruise Greek Islands and coastal Turkey
14-15	Disembark ship • Fly to Athens
16	Return to U.S.

#### PERSONALIZE YOUR ADVENTURE

**OPTIONAL EXTENSIONS** 

Cappadocia's Unique Landscapes & Vibrant Ankara PRE-TRIP: 5 nights from \$1,495

Ancient Greece: Athens & the Isle of Crete POST-TRIP: 6 nights from \$1,995

#### ARRIVE EARLY

We recommend that you relax after a long flight or explore more in depth before your trip. Prices shown include accommodations and private airport transfer.

- Arrive early in Ankara before your Cappadocia & Ankara pre-trip extension from \$150 per room, per night
- Arrive early in Istanbul before your main adventure from \$230 per room, per night

## Turkish Coastal Voyage: Greek Islands, Istanbul & Athens

## YOUR DETAILED ITINERARY

### BEGIN YOUR ADVENTURE WITH AN OPTIONAL PRE-TRIP EXTENSION **5 nights in Cappadocia's Unique Landscapes & Vibrant Ankara**

Day 1 Depart U.S.

Day 2 Arrive Ankara, Turkey Day 3 Explore Ankara Day 4 Ankara • Overland transfer to Cappadocia **Day 5 Cappadocia • Optional Ballooning** *Over Cappadocia* tour • Pottery demonstration

**Day 6** Cappadocia • Optional Whirling Dervishes tour • Visit local home

**Day 7** Fly to Istanbul • Join main trip

#### Day 1 Depart U.S.

Fly overnight from the U.S. to Istanbul, Turkey.

#### Day 2 Arrive Istanbul, Turkey

- Destination: Istanbul
- Accommodations: The Marmara Pera or similar

**Afternoon:** You'll arrive in Istanbul this afternoon. An O.A.T. representative will meet you at the airport to assist with the transfer to your hotel, where your Trip Experience Leader will be waiting to greet you.

**Dinner:** On your own. Ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations of the best places for local fare.

**Evening:** You are free to return to your room to rest after your overseas flight, or perhaps peruse the area surrounding the hotel to discover Istanbul's many pubs and rooftop bars.

#### Day 3 Explore Istanbul

- Destination: Istanbul
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- Accommodations: The Marmara Pera or similar

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Meet your small group for a Welcome Briefing held at the hotel.

After, your group will set off for a short drive to the Old Town of Istanbul, the historic center which has been declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

Upon arrival, you'll walk to the sprawling Topkapi Palace, the maze of opulent buildings that served as the seat of the Ottoman Empire between the 15th and 19th centuries. Topkapi was a city-palace with a population of approximately 4,000 people. It housed all the Ottoman sultans from Sultan Mehmet II to Abdulmecit—nearly 600 years and 25 sultans. Today, it is the world's oldest and largest surviving palace, one of the world's richest museums, and a masterpiece of Turkish architecture—a complex of shady courtyards overlooking the Golden Horn, where the Sea of Marmara meets the Bosporus.

**Lunch:** On your own. Ask your Trip Experience Leader where to find an authentic Turkish meal in Old Town, or whatever cuisine you would like to enjoy.

**Afternoon:** Your tour continues with a visit to the magnificent Hagia Sophia. Constructed as a Christian church during the sixth century, this Church of the Holy Wisdom served as the mother church of the Orthodox religion for more than 1,000 years. In 1453, the Ottoman Turks seized control of Istanbul and converted the church into a mosque, which it remained until 1935 when it was made into a museum. Today, Hagia Sophia has regained its status as an active mosque. Entering the sanctuary, look up to admire its immense vaulted ceiling that soars above the four arches on which it rests.

Then, we'll drive back to the hotel where the rest of the day is yours. You can relax at the hotel or explore the city on your own, or take the optional excursion to the elegant Suleymaniye Mosque on the way back to the hotel. This beautiful alabaster mosque is the second-largest in the city, and its position atop the Third Hill makes for stunning views of the city.

**Dinner:** Gather with your Trip Experience Leader and fellow travelers for a Welcome Dinner at a local restaurant.

**Evening:** At leisure. You may want to visit a nearby bar for a nightcap, or simply return to your room to rest up for tomorrow's activities.

#### **Day 4** Explore Istanbul • Optional *Cruising Between Continents* tour

- Destination: Istanbul
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- Accommodations: The Marmara Pera or similar

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Enjoy a full day to explore Istanbul's many treasures independently. Or, join a full-day optional *Cruising Between Continents* tour. First, you'll drive to the impressive Dolmabahce Palace. Once the seat of the Ottoman Empire, this nineteenth-century palace is rich with history, as you'll see during our approximately 90-minute tour. Then, you'll walk to the harbor, where you'll board a ferry and cruise to Kadikoy, an ancient city on the Sea of Marmara, on the outskirts of Istanbul. Upon arrival, you'll spend some time strolling through historic Kadikoy until we head to lunch.

**Lunch:** If you are joining the optional tour, you'll enjoy a seafood lunch at a local market. Otherwise, lunch is on your own.

**Afternoon:** If you choose to join the optional tour, you'll have some free time to discover Kadikoy after lunch. Then, board a private boat once again, this time to cruise the Northern Bosporus back to the European side. Upon arrival, spend the rest of your afternoon at leisure.

Dinner: At a local restaurant.

**Evening:** Free for your own discoveries. Istanbul comes to life in the evening as locals flock to jazz clubs and local bars, and even quaint cafés—stroll the brightly lit streets for a true taste of local life.

#### Day 5 Spice Market • Çanakkale

- Destination: Çanakkale
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- Accommodations: Kolin Hotel or similar

**Activity Note:** Your drive to Çanakkale today will take approximately 4.5-hours with a stop along the way for lunch.

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Depart for your visit to Istanbul's Spice Bazaar. The Spice Bazaar is the largest and most colorful spice market in all of Turkey. Located in the Eminönü quarter of the Fatih district, it is the most famous covered shopping complex after the Grand Bazaar. From here, you'll make the approximately 4.5-hour drive to Çanakkale, a quaint seaport city that straddles both the Sea of Marmara and the Aegean Sea. It is perhaps best known as an important source of ceramics and woodworking during the Ottoman Empire.

**Lunch:** Stop for lunch on your own while en route to Çanakkale.

**Afternoon:** After lunch, we'll continue to Çanakkale, where we'll arrive at the hotel and check in. The afternoon is yours to spend how you choose.

Dinner: At the hotel.

Evening: Free to make your own discoveries.

#### Day 6 Ancient Troy • Çanakkale Old Town Visit

- Destination: Çanakkale
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: Kolin Hotel or similar

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Depart for your visit to Troy. Upon arrival, spend a couple of hours at the site of a famous military battle: legendary Troy, a

UNESCO World Heritage Site. Paris' abduction of the beautiful Helen of Troy and subsequent siege of the city during the 13th century BC were immortalized by Homer in The Iliad. Until 1870, it was thought that Troy was a fictional place—but that year, the German businessman, Heinrich Schliemann, began excavations in a location he deduced from his readings of The Iliad. Remarkably, he uncovered the historical city of Troy, and continuing excavations have revealed the remains of a total of nine subsequent cities of Troy rising above the "windswept plain of Ilium." The site's west gate is thought to be where Odysseus' clever ruse of the Trojan Horse was brought through to finally defeat King Priam's city.

After, you'll return to the Çanakkale.

Lunch: At a local restaurant.

Afternoon: You'll depart for a Çanakkale Old Town visit. Though it was founded approximately 6,000 years ago, Çanakkale is anything but old-fashioned. Today, the city is home to a sizeable university, and students flock to the Old Town's cozy cobblestone lanes to mingle at bustling cafés, shops, and bars. At the heart of this lively waterfront neighborhood is a five-tier clock tower, which has kept locals on schedule since 1896.

After some exploring, we'll head back to the hotel where the afternoon is yours to spend however you choose.

Dinner: At the hotel.

**Evening:** Free to make your own discoveries.

## Day 7 Dikili, Turkey • Home-Hosted LunchExplore Bergama • Embark ship

- Destination: Dikili
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: M/V Arethusa

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Depart for Dikili by way of the Kozak Valley, past ruggedly beautiful landscapes filled with goats and olive groves.

Lunch: You'll enjoy a Home-Hosted Lunch in a small village of no more than 500 people in the mountainous region of the Kozak Valley—a unique opportunity to experience a slice of everyday family life in rural Turkey. The Kozak Valley is nestled between Izmir and Çanakkale and the mountain of Madra; many of the villages here are famous for growing *pinus pinea* (pine nuts).

In an even smaller group, you'll join a local family at their home, typically a single-family house with a courtyard or small garden. Together with our hosts, we'll sit down to a simple yet hearty meal of traditional dishes. We may also sample homemade pastry stuffed with vegetables and rolled grape leaves.

Many of families here are multi-generational, with grandparents living alongside their children and grandchildren. During our time here, we'll get a intimate look at what everyday family life is like in this small mountain village, as well as a chance to ask our hosts any questions we may have.

**Afternoon:** Set out for the fascinating ruins at Pergamum, known today as the farming village of Bergama. Yet in its heyday, this site hosted a great Hellenistic city, renowned as an intellectual and medical center. Pergamum took its name from the Greek word for "citadel," because it was built atop a 1,000-foot-high conical hill by one of the generals of Alexander the Great in 301 BC. Its 150-year reign as a cultural center was reflected in its graceful architecture, whose ruins you'll explore. We'll take a cable car ride to the Acropolis, which housed the Temple of Athena and the famous 200,000-volume library, whose books are said to have been given by Marc Antony to Cleopatra as a wedding gift. Near the Acropolis lies the Theater of Pergamum—one of the steepest in the world.

After visiting the Acropolis, you'll make the drive back toward Dikili to embark your small ship. This privately owned, 50-passenger vessel will be your home for the next seven nights.

Make your way to the lounge later for an embarkation briefing, during which you'll meet the crew and enjoy a welcome cocktail. Then, your Trip Experience Leader will present the first in a series of nightly Port Talks to acquaint you with the destination we'll explore tomorrow.

**Dinner:** Enjoy a Captain's Welcome Dinner in the ship's dining room.

**Evening:** You are free to relax in the lounge after dinner, or return to your cabin to finish settling in. Your small ship remains docked in Dikili this evening.

#### Day 8 Chios • Greek dance performance

- Destination: Chios
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: M/V Athena

#### Breakfast: Onboard.

**Morning:** Early this morning, your small ship enters the blue waters of the northeast Aegean Sea bound for the island of Chios. Nicknamed Mirovolos, or "fragrant island," for its intoxicating melange of scents of jasmine, wild tulips, thyme, and mastic trees, Chios is also known for its rugged terrain and well-preserved medieval villages. Throughout the centuries, this strategically positioned island has been coveted by the Ionians, Persians, Byzantine Greeks, Saracens, Venetians, Turks, and more. It finally became a part of the Greek nation in 1912.

We'll disembark to explore the island's cultural center and capital city during a 1.5-hour walking tour of Chios Town, set on the island's east coast. Inhabited continuously since 6000 BC, Chios Town is best known as the birthplace of the great poet Homer. Chios became one of the richest islands in the Mediterranean during medieval times when Genoese overlords controlled the trade of a sticky local resin known as gum mastic. This valuable resin remains an important part of the island's economy. Then, we'll drive to explore Mesta, one of the picturesque medieval fortified settlements in southern Chios collectively known as the *mastichochoria*, or "mastic villages."

Upon arrival, you'll drive to a local shop to try some authentic *mastiha* —a natural chewing gum used in Ancient Greece for its healing properties.

#### Lunch: Onboard.

**Afternoon:** Take some time at leisure after lunch.

Enjoy cocktail hour and tonight's Port Talk later.

#### Dinner: Onboard.

**Evening:** This evening, enjoy a festive Greek dance performance before you begin your overnight cruise to Kusadasi, gateway to the ruins of ancient Ephesus.

## Day 9 Kuşadasi • Explore Ephesus • Carpet weaving conversation

- Destination: Kuşadasi
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- · Accommodations: M/V Arethusa

**Breakfast:** Your ship arrives in Kuşadasi early this morning. Enjoy the view as you savor breakfast onboard.

Morning: Disembark and drive to Ephesus, where you'll head out to explore the ruins before the crowds arrive. The best-preserved and, at 2,000 acres, most extensive classical Greco-Roman city in Asia, Ephesus is located 60 miles from Izmir. Ephesus dates to at least 1300 BC and was home to the early philosopher Heraclitus. As the commercial center and capital city of Roman Asia Minor, it was once the fourth-largest city in the Roman Empire, boasting a population numbering more than 300,000. One ancient legend attributes the founding of Ephesus to the Amazons of Greek mythology. Another credits the Athenian Androclus, who received advice from an oracle to establish a colony at the "place of the fish and the boar." And so, when he and his crew saw a wild pig charge out of underbrush set ablaze inadvertently by locals grilling fish, he staked his claim on the Anatolian shore.

Your discoveries in Ephesus will continue with a short drive to visit the Basilica of St. John—a six-domed structure constructed in the fifth century over the tomb of the evangelist St. John, martyred under Emperor Trajan. You'll also discover the site of the Temple of Artemis, one of the original Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. Since 1992, **Grand Circle Foundation** has been contributing to the preservation and ongoing excavations of this remarkable site, with its donations to the Foundation of Friends of Ephesus.

Then, visit a local carpet cooperative.

**Lunch:** Enjoy lunch and conversation with locals at the carpet cooperative.

**Afternoon:** After enjoying lunch at the cooperative, learn how hand-woven Turkish carpets are produced by those who take part in this intricate craft every day.

Drive back to the ship to relax onboard this afternoon. You might get a more sweeping view of the passing scenery from the Sun Deck as the ship begins sailing to the island of Patmos. Later, gather for the nightly Port Talk.

#### Dinner: Onboard.

**Evening:** At leisure. Perhaps catch up on your travel journal or email stories of your discoveries so far to family and friends. Your ship moors in Patmos later tonight.

#### Day 10 Explore Patmos • Discover Monastery of St. John

- Destination: Patmos
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- · Accommodations: M/V Arethusa

Activity Note: During today's discoveries in Patmos, we'll divide into two groups. The first group will explore St. John's Monastery while the second group discovers the Cave of the Apocalypse, where St. John lived and worked. We'll reconvene and head back to the ship together.

#### Breakfast: Onboard.

**Morning:** The Dodecanese, or original twelve Greek islands, lie scattered along the Turkish coast in the southeast Aegean Sea. You'll explore four of these islands over the course of the next few days. Your first port call is the beautiful and rugged island of Patmos, named a Sacred Island by the Greek government in 1981 and long a popular pilgrimage site. Though small in size, Patmos abounds in ancient myth. It was believed that Patmos originally existed at the bottom of the sea, visible only by moonlight, until Zeus gained permission from Poseidon, his brother, to raise it into the light and warm it into life. According to Roman legend, the island received its name when Poseidon stepped on it (*patima* being Greek for "step"). And it is also said that Orestes fled to this island to escape the vengeance of the Furies after he killed his mother Clytemnestra.

The island served as exile for another important figure from history: St. John the Evangelist, one of Jesus' twelve apostles. At the time, the island's near-inaccessibility made it a perfect site for the banishment of criminals and political agitators. Exiled from Ephesus, St. John lived in a grotto beneath the Temple of Diana for 18 months, between AD 95 and 97. It was there that he received his vision of fire and brimstone and dictated the Book of Revelation. He also wrote the Fourth Gospel during this period.

During this morning's included tour of this UNESCO World Heritage Site, you'll visit the Holy Cave of the Apocalypse, where St. John lived and worked. You'll also explore the eleventh-century Monastery of St. John, built by the monk Christodolous on the ruins of the Temple of Diana. Fortified over the next two centuries to protect it against marauding pirates, this imposing monastery is visible virtually everywhere on the island and has remained in continuous operation for more than 900 years. We'll see some priceless religious relics during our visit here, and be sure to listen for the remarkable acoustics inside the main chapel. We'll also enjoy breathtaking views of the Aegean as we stroll through the labyrinthine streets of

Hora, the 17th-century town of white houses that tumbles down the hillside surrounding the citadel.

Then, you'll drive to the port and enjoy some free time to visit local shops.

Lunch: Onboard.

**Afternoon:** At leisure onboard as we sail for the island of Kalymnos. Take in the scenic ocean views from your cabin, or perhaps head to the ship's bar for a drink. Gather in the lounge later for a Port Talk with your Trip Experience Leader.

#### Dinner: Onboard.

**Evening:** Free for your own discoveries. Your ship moors overnight in Kalymnos.

## **Day 11** Explore Kalymnos • Sponge fishing discussion

- Destination: Kalymnos
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: M/V Arethusa

Activity Note: During our explorations in Kalymnos, we'll split into two groups as we discover St. Savvas monastery and a local sponge fishing workshop.

#### Breakfast: Onboard.

**Morning:** Our ship docks in Kalymnos early this morning. We'll step ashore and walk to a local sponge workshop for a conversation with its owner and a marine biologist about the role of sponge fishing in Kalymnos' cultural identity, and its harmful impact on the local ecosystem.

In the days of antiquity, Kalymnos was the sponge-fishing capital of the world. While the island's rocky terrain made the land difficult to inhabit, the bounty of the sea nonetheless drew throngs of intrepid divers seeking to make their fortune. While changes to the global economy and the invention of synthetic sponges have since reduced the prosperity of the trade, sponge fishing remains a beloved part of Kalymnos' cultural heritage, and fleets of ships still sail the surrounding seas in search of sponges today. Some, however, are concerned that this surge of sponge fishing is upsetting the delicate balance of the Mediterranean's ecosystem and must be reined in.

Next, we'll drive to St. Savvas monastery for a panoramic tour of the island.

Known for its majestic mountains, avid climbers travel from all over the world to take on the challenge of Kalymnos' many climbing tracks. In contrast, the island's glittering beaches are perfect places to relax—but for a more active experience, many visitors take to the sea, scuba-diving in search of mysterious underwater caves and marine life.

On our tour, we'll get a sense of the island's history when we stop to visit the Traditional House, a museum featuring folk relics of Kalymnos' past. As we enter each room, we'll step back in time to discover what local life was like in the late 19th and early 20th centuries.

#### Lunch: Onboard.

**Afternoon:** Feel free to relax in your cabin or watch the passing scenery from the lounge or the Sun Deck. We begin sailing to Kos later.

When we arrive in Kos, gather with your Trip Experience Leader for an orientation walk around the island. After, enjoy personal time before gathering with your fellow travelers for a cocktail and your nightly Port Talk.

#### Dinner: Onboard.

**Evening:** You have the freedom to spend the remainder of your night as you'd like. The ship is moored in Kos overnight.

#### Day 12 Explore Kos • Bodrum, Turkey • *A Day in the Life* of a rural Turkish village

- Destination: Bodrum
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: M/V Arethusa

#### Breakfast: Onboard.

Morning: We'll venture onto the Island of Kos—and deeper into the secrets of ancient medicine—on a visit to the hilltop sanctuary of Asclepieion, the most famous of ancient Greece's temples dedicated to Apollo's son Asclepius, the god of healing. This was where diseases were first classified by Hippocrates and the spot where he wrote his famous oath still sworn by medical practitioners around the world. Set on a hillside dotted with cypress trees, the center consists of natural terraces connected by a magnificent marble staircase. Dating to 444 BC, the Asclepieion served as a medical school and a sanatorium that practiced the then-revolutionary practice of separating patients from the healthy, for roughly 1,000 years. During our visit here, you can wander amid the ruins that were discovered here in 1902, and admire views across the sea to Turkey.

Return to the ship for lunch as we sail to Bodrum.

#### Lunch: Onboard.

**Afternoon:** We'll disembark and drive to Kizilagac for **A** Day in the Life of a small Turkish village.

Bodrum, a 3,000-year-old Turkish city known as Halicarnassus in ancient times, is now a heavily-touristed international yachting center. However, just off the beaten path you can still find little villages like Kizilagac that are just far enough removed from the hustle and bustle of the port to have retained their traditional ways of life. Upon arrival, we'll be welcomed by the village's mayor at a tea house. We'll engage in conversation about the life in the village while sipping some of the shop's local tea.

Then, we'll set off on a walk, stopping at the nearby mosque. We'll be greeted here by the mosque's Imam who will share with us how Islam is practiced in the village. Next, we'll walk to the next stop on our village visit—a local farm.

For the rest of the afternoon's activities, we'll split up into smaller groups—each visiting a different family. The farms and experiences will be very similar, however. One group will head to the home of a local family, who will immerse us in the day-to-day activities on their farm. Per Turkish tradition, our small group will be split further into men and women—each group getting its own specific set of chores to accomplish. The men will accompany our host's husband to assist him with any number of seasonal tasks, such as collecting eggs from the farm's chickens, helping to clean the barn, or even planting or harvesting vegetables in the fields, depending on the time of year.

Meanwhile, the women will join our host in the house, learning and taking part in her daily tasks. You may sit at the family's loom and learn how to weave a traditional Turkish carpet. Or you may head into the kitchen to help make local dishes, like fresh pasta and homemade pancakes, or—depending on the season—you might prepare tomato puree and pickles to store for the winter.

Then, the men and women will come back together at the house after a hard afternoon's work to enjoy a snack—such as the freshly-made pancakes alongside local cheese and vegetables from the farm. Then we'll bid our hosts goodbye and drive back to the ship.

Enjoy cocktail hour and tonight's Port Talk upon returning.

#### Dinner: Onboard.

**Evening:** At leisure. Your ship departs for Symi late tonight.

## Day 13 Explore Symi • Captain's Farewell Dinner

- Destination: Symi
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- · Accommodations: M/V Arethusa

#### Breakfast: Onboard.

**Morning:** Early this morning, you'll arrive at the Greek island of Symi. Because of our ship's small size, we're one of the few tour companies that can pull into Symi's deep, well-protected harbor—widely considered to be one of the most beautiful in all of Greece.

Begin a walking tour of Symi upon disembarkation, followed by time to discover the island on your own. The island of Symi flourished off of the sponge-diving trade, and during your free time in Symi Town you'll see many of the former merchants' grand, multicolored neoclassical homes and ornate churches clinging to the steep hillsides.

Lunch: Onboard.

**Afternoon:** Enjoy some free time onboard this afternoon; you might take a dip in the pool, return to your cabin for a brief nap, or converse with your fellow travelers in the lounge.

After some free time, we'll reconvene for a Farewell Cocktail Party, followed by tonight's Port Talk.

**Dinner:** Enjoy the Captain's Farewell Dinner onboard. Reminisce with your fellow travelers, Trip Experience Leader, and crew and toast to the lasting memories made on this adventure thus far. **Evening:** At leisure. Perhaps settle in the lounge for a final nightcap. The ship sails to Rhodes, the capital of the Dodecanese Islands, as well as the largest island in the chain.

#### Day 14 Explore Rhodes • Disembark ship • Fly to Athens, Greece

- Destination: Athens
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- · Accommodations: Cypria Hotel or similar

#### Breakfast: Onboard.

**Morning:** Bid farewell to your small ship and the crew this morning. Disembark and drive to visit the Palace of the Grand Masters, a veritable "fortress within a fortress," which served as a last line of defense for the crusading knights. We'll spend some time here discovering the palace, after which point you have some free time to explore Rhodes as you'd like.

Because of its climate, its beautiful scenery, and its strategic location in the eastern Mediterranean, on the crossroads of East and West, Rhodes has suffered a long history of conquests, including the by Persians, the Macedonians under Alexander the Great, the Romans, the Byzantines, the Saracens, the Venetian and the Genovese, and the Ottomans. It also changed hands several times during the First and Second World Wars, before finally becoming part of Greece in 1948. The most lasting impact on the island was made by the Knights of St. John, whose Venetian castle at the island's capital, Rhodes Town, is a masterpiece of medieval architecture, as you'll soon discover.

**Lunch:** On your own. Your Trip Experience Leader would be happy to provide suggestions for a taste of local fare. **Afternoon:** After lunch, transfer to Rhodes Airport. Depart for your short flight to Athens, where you'll transfer to your hotel and check in.

Dinner: At the hotel.

**Evening:** Free for your own discoveries. Get settled in to your hotel room, or perhaps explore legendary Athens by night.

#### Day 15 Explore Athens

- Destination: Athens
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- Accommodations: Cypria Hotel or similar

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Set out on a tour of Athens. A fascinating city of mythology, antiquities, lively outdoor cafés, and modern bustle, Athens stands as a bridge to the ancient world and a feast for any history buff.

Begin with a visit to the ancient Acropolis, crowned by the majestic ruins of the Parthenon. The Greek word *acropolis* means "top of the city" or "upper city," and many of the ancient Greek cities are built around a higher *acropolis* where the inhabitants could flee during invasions and sieges, and where most temples and other important structures are located.

Pericles, the ancient Greek leader noted for advancing democracy, ordered the building of the Parthenon and other main buildings on the Acropolis of Athens in the fifth century BC. The immense Parthenon took 15 years to complete, and was designed to house a giant statue of Athena. It began as a temple to the goddess, then in later eras spent time as a Christian church and a Muslim mosque. Soldiers of the occupying Ottoman Empire used it to store gunpowder, and the structure was blown up when Venetians bombarded it in 1687. Although still technically a "ruin," much of the great building has been restored or pieced back together, and it is an impressive sight, boasting a commanding view of the city below.

Your tour continues with a visit to the Plaka, the oldest part of the city. This area contains many archaeological sites, including the famous Tower of the Winds that is a part of the ancient Roman Agora.

**Lunch:** On your own. You have a number of restaurants to choose from around Monastiraki Square.

**Afternoon:** After lunch, take some free time to explore the city on your own, or return to your hotel for some leisure time.

**Dinner:** Enjoy a Farewell Dinner at a local restaurant with your fellow travelers and Trip Experience Leader.

**Evening:** Free. You might like to return to your hotel room to retire for the night or prepare for tomorrow's flight out of Athens.

## Day 16 Return to U.S. or begin your post-trip extension

• Included Meals: Breakfast

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Transfer to the airport for your flight home or your flight to Crete for your Ancient Greece: Athens & the Isle of Crete post-trip extension.

### END YOUR ADVENTURE WITH AN OPTIONAL POST-TRIP EXTENSION 6 nights in Ancient Greece: Athens & the Isle of Crete

Day 1 Athens • Explore Chania	Day 5 Heraklion • Fly to Athens
Day 2 Chania	Day 6 Athens
Day 3 Overland to Rethymno • Heraklion	Day 7 Athens • Fly U.S.
Day 4 Explore Heraklion • Optional Spinalonga: The Leper Colony tour	

Itinerary Subject to Change. For Information or reservations, call 1-800-955-1925

## **OPTIONAL TOURS**

During your trip you will be able to book optional tours directly with your Trip Experience Leader. He or she will ask you to confirm the payment for these tours by filling out a payment form. Optional tours can only be purchased with a credit or debit card. We accept Visa, MasterCard, and Discover credit cards. We also accept Visa and MasterCard debit cards, but it must be a debit card that allows you to sign for purchases.

In order to correctly process these charges, there can be a delay of 2-3 months from the date of your return for the charges to be posted to your account. Therefore we ask that you use a card that will not expire in the 2-3 months following your return.

**Please note:** Optional tour prices are listed in U.S. dollar estimates determined at the time of publication and are subject to change. Optional tours may vary.

#### **Cruising Between Continents**

(Day 4 \$160 per person)

Join a fascinating optional tour that cruises between two continents—Asia and Europe. Your tour begins at the majestic Dolmabahce Palace in Istanbul. Then, you'll cross over the Bosporus by private ferry to Kadikoy, a lively district in Istanbul's Asian half. After exploring the ancient city and enjoying an included seafood lunch, you'll board a boat once more to cruise along the Bosporus Strait back to the European side.

### **PRE-TRIP**

## Cappadocia's Unique Landscapes & Vibrant Ankara

### **INCLUDED IN YOUR PRICE**

- » 5 nights accommodation
- » 12 meals: 5 breakfasts, 3 lunches, and 4 dinners
- » 5 guided tours and cultural experiences
- » Services of our local Trip Experience Leader
- » Gratuities for local guides and motorcoach drivers
- » All transfers

### **PRE-TRIP EXTENSION ITINERARY**

Discover Turkey's ancient civilizations as we journey from Ankara—legendary birthplace of King Midas and summer retreat of Roman emperors—to the fantastical landscapes of Cappadocia. Learn about the powerful Hittite civilization during a visit to Hattusha, explore the subterranean cave cities of Cappadocia and ancient rock churches of Goreme, and much more.

#### Day 1 Depart U.S.

**Morning/Afternoon:** Depart the U.S. today on your international flight to Ankara, Turkey.

#### Day 2 Arrive Ankara, Turkey

- Destination: Ankara
- Accommodations: Ankara Hilton SA Hotel or similar

Morning/Afternoon: Arrive in Ankara throughout the day, where an O.A.T. representative will meet you at the airport and assist with the transfer to your hotel. Upon arrival at the hotel, you are welcome to join an orientation walk led by your Trip Experience Leader to help get your bearings in your new surroundings.

**Dinner:** On your own. Ask your Trip Experience Leader for the best places to find local Turkish specialties. **Evening:** Feel free to get some rest after your flight, or perhaps spend the evening exploring Ankara. You might, for example, visit the ancient Roman Baths originally built in the 200s C.E.

#### Day 3 Explore Ankara

- Destination: Ankara
- · Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: Ankara Hilton SA Hotel or similar

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Meet in the lobby for a Welcome Briefing with your fellow travelers and Trip Experience Leader.

After our Welcome Briefing wraps up, depart from the hotel to the center of Ankara.

Once we arrive, we'll enjoy a half-day city tour of Turkey's modern capital with a local guide. Ankara is a very old city, founded in 2000 BC, and there are several Roman ruins scattered throughout the metropolis. Archaeologists have also found artifacts that date to pre-Roman periods. But you'll find that much of Ankara's character is sophisticated and modern, from the educational institutions to the art galleries, from the music to the architecture. There are three symphony orchestras and five theaters, offering classical performances of ballet, opera, modern dance, and drama. On many levels, Ankara has become the cultural and political center of Turkey.

Upon arrival, and to prepare for your discoveries in Cappadocia, you'll visit the Museum of Anatolian Civilizations, the finest Hittite museum in the country. It details the many cultures that have inhabited this region, starting as far back as the Paleolithic Age. The museum houses a priceless collection of artifacts from Neolithic, Hatti, Hittite, Phrygian, Persian, Galatian, and Roman times. The two buildings themselves, a *caravansary* (an overnight site for caravans) and a bedesten (covered bazaar), are Ottoman structures that date to the 15th century. Vendors abound in this area, adding to the local color with their fragrant spices, dried fruits, and traditional Turkish handcrafts for sale.

Then, venture to Ankara Castle in the oldest part of the city, high on a hill overlooking the city. Little remains of the original complex, built by the Galatians, but much of the architecture from its Roman, Byzantine, and Selcuk eras may still be admired. Tour the old town just inside the castle walls, an area where the traditional housing was concentrated during the 16th century for protection within the fortifications.

Lunch: At a local restaurant.

**Afternoon:** You have the afternoon free to explore the city center. Though Ankara's origins are from ancient times, most of the city

is modern and well planned. You can stroll its wide boulevards, take a quiet walk in a groomed park, or browse its elegant boutiques. Or, perhaps engage in some of the suggested free time activities on Day 2.

**Dinner:** Convene with your fellow travelers over a Welcome Dinner at the hotel.

**Evening:** At leisure. You might enjoy a nightcap at the hotel bar or discover Ankara by starlight.

## Day 4 Ankara • Overland transfer to Cappadocia

- Destination: Cappadocia
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: DoubleTree by Hilton Avanos or similar

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Today, we depart for Cappadocia. On the way, we'll stop to delve into a civilization that rivaled Egypt's during the second millennium BC.

Begin your explorations with a drive to the ancient site of Hattusas, capital of the great Hittite Kingdom—a powerful empire of the Ancient Near East that ruled from about 1600 to 1200 BC. Located high on a rocky summit, Hattusas offers a wealth of archaeological treasures that have been recovered from this former center of the kingdom, including records offering extensive details concerning political and religious aspects of the culture. We'll walk through the ancient city for about two hours, and our visit ends in Yazilikaya, a sacred Hittite sanctuary of two chambers enclosed by natural rock formations. Hewn out of the rock are depictions of deities and a stone relief of King Tudhaliya IV that stands twelve feet high. Archaeologists estimate that the Hittites used this locale as a revered shrine as early as 1250 BC.

Conclude your tour with a walk through an open-air cultural center featuring representations of the Hittite pantheon. The Hittite people revered nearly 1,000 gods and goddesses. There was great diversity in the characters of these deities, with the major spiritual beings—such as Teshub, the Thunderstorm God, and Hepatu, the Goddess of the Sun—depicted more frequently in sacred sites throughout the region.

Next, we'll hop back on the bus to visit Bogazkoy, a local village built on the ruins of the ancient Hittite capital, where you'll discover what it's like to live in the shadow of history.

Lunch: At a local restaurant in Bogazkoy.

**Afternoon:** Continue to Cappadocia where we'll check in to our hotel.

You'll have time to settle in and relax or explore the surrounding area until dinner.

#### Dinner: At the hotel.

**Evening:** You have the freedom to spend the rest of your evening as you wish—you might stroll the area around the hotel to stretch your legs after the day's drive.

#### Day 5 Cappadocia • Optional *Ballooning Over Cappadocia* tour • Pottery demonstration

- Destination: Cappadocia
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- Accommodations: DoubleTree by Hilton Avanos or similar

**Early Morning:** Early risers can join an optional hot-air balloon ride over Cappadocia's *tufa* formations, soaring over its amber terrain and fairy-tale chimneys in the quiet, rosy light of dawn.

**Morning:** Depart on a full-day tour of Cappadocia. You'll begin to see the legendary fantastical landscapes and "fairy chimneys" of Cappadocia as you journey to the famous Goreme Open-Air Museum.

The predominant earth surface of Cappadocia is a white volcanic rock called *tufa*. Centuries of rain and wind have shaped the soft *tufa* into rhythmic flow patterns and tall cones and columns. Although the dust from *tufa* looks like sand, the area is not like a desert but is actually highly fertile, and people have inhabited the region since ancient times. Early Christians often burrowed into *tufa* rock to create hidden sanctuaries and escape persecution. It is said that the area has more than 600 Christian churches carved into the rock, some dating to the third century AD. At the Goreme Open-Air Museum, you'll see some of these ancient churches and chapels noted for their colorful frescoes.

After our tour of the museum wraps up, we'll return to the bus and ride to a local potter's workshop. Here, you'll get the chance to talk to a pottery master about the history and transformation of this art form throughout Asia Minor. We'll spend some time at the workshop learning about the intricate processes involved in pottery-making.

#### Lunch: On your own.

**Afternoon:** After lunch, we'll embark on a panoramic tour of this fascinating region, including some photo stops. Marvel at the mushroom-like columns of stone with conical lids that seem to spring up from the valley floor.

We'll head back to the hotel, where you'll have some time free for your own discoveries.

Dinner: At the hotel.

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Evening:** At leisure. Enjoy a nightcap at the hotel bar; take an evening stroll to observe Cappadocia's landscapes by moonlight, or retire for the night to prepare for tomorrow's discoveries.

#### Day 6 Cappadocia • Optional Whirling Dervishes tour • Visit local home

- Destination: Cappadocia
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner
- Accommodations: DoubleTree by Hilton Avanos or similar

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

Morning: We'll travel by bus to Ozkonak, one of the remarkable underground cities dotting the local landscape. During the Hittite era, as successive armies swept across Asia Minor, these multi-leveled complexes were built as uniquely defensible communities—all had heavy millstones for doors that could be rolled in place to seal off the outside world. There are believed to be about three dozen of these underground cities in the region, but few have been excavated. In Ozkonak, we'll explore some of the hundreds of rooms, wandering the narrow, sloping passageways between kitchens with enameled food storage areas, water cisterns, stables, and living quarters at the deepest levels—all well-ventilated by giant air shafts.

Lunch: At a local restaurant.

Afternoon: After lunch, we'll drive to a local home. This family's living situation is particularly unique: they live within one of Cappadocia's picturesque "fairy chimneys." We'll spend some time chatting with the family about their experience making a home in one of these towering rocks, and the challenges they face throughout the year in Turkey's changing seasons. Once our conversation wraps up, we'll head back to the hotel for some time at leisure.

Later, you can choose an optional tour to witness the "Ritual of Sema." The Semazens, the so-called Whirling Dervishes, believe that the fundamental state of our existence is to revolve. From the smallest cell to the planets and the farthest stars, everything takes part in this revolving. Thus, the ones who whirl participate consciously in the shared revolution of all existence. The Semazen (with their camel's-felt hats representing tombstones and wide white skirts symbolizing shrouds) stand with their arms crossed, ready to begin their turn. As they whirl, their motions represent a spiritual journey. Revel in this spinning kaleidoscope of tradition and color as you observe their ritual.

Dinner: At the hotel.

**Evening:** You have the freedom to spend the rest of your evening as you wish—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

#### Day 7 Fly to Istanbul • Join main trip

- Destination: Istanbul
- Included Meals: Breakfast

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Transfer to the airport for your flight to Istanbul.

**Afternoon:** Check in to your hotel and join your fellow travelers on *Turkish Coastal Voyage: Greek Islands, Istanbul & Athens.* 

### **OPTIONAL TOURS**

#### **Ballooning Over Cappadocia**

(Day 5 \$300 per person)

Cappadocia is one of Turkey's most fanciful and recognizable landscapes, and during this optional hot-air balloon flight, we'll soar over its amber terrain and fairy-tale chimneys, savoring a unique panorama in the quiet, rosy light of dawn.

Between November and March, this excursion is subject to weather conditions and may not be available. If you choose to cancel less than 24 hours before the flight, the tour is non-refundable.

#### **Whirling Dervishes**

#### (Day 6 \$40 per person)

On this evening's optional tour, you have the opportunity to witness a ritual dance performance by the Whirling Dervishes, monks of the Mevlevi sect of Islam founded in the 13th century. During the dance, called a *sema*, the dervishes believe that their souls are released from their earthly ties and are free to joyfully commune with the divine. The dervishes spin shoulder to shoulder, both around their own axis and around one other, representing the Earth revolving on its own axis while orbiting the sun. The dancers are silent while performing the *sema*, accompanied by drums and chanting, as the ritual gradually transforms itself into rapid, spinning ecstasy.

### **POST-TRIP**

## Ancient Greece: Athens & the Isle of Crete

### **INCLUDED IN YOUR PRICE**

- » 6 nights accommodation
- » 10 meals: 6 breakfasts, 2 lunches, 2 dinners
- » 7 guided tours and cultural experiences
- » Services of a local Trip Experience Leader
- » Gratuities for local guides, drivers, and luggage porters
- » All transfers

### **POST-TRIP EXTENSION ITINERARY**

Extend your discoveries by exploring Athens and Crete. Visit iconic sites like the Acropolis in Athens, and explore Crete, Greece's largest and most populated island, whose roots date back to one of Europe's earliest documented civilization: the Minoans.

#### Day 1 Athens • Explore Chania

- Destination: Crete
- Included Meals: Dinner
- Accommodations: Kydon Hotel or similar

**Breakfast:** Boxed breakfast en route to the airport.

**Morning:** Today, we'll catch a flight to Crete. The largest and most populated of the Greek islands, Crete's roots date back to Europe's earliest documented civilization, the Minoans, who existed during the Bronze Age, predating what we know as ancient Greece. A mountainous expanse spotted with gorges, rivers, and lakes, Crete is unique in its beauty. When we arrive, we'll drive to our hotel.

Our Cretan journey begins in Chania, the island's second largest city, where we'll start off with a walking tour through the narrow, winding streets of the war-torn Old Town. Lined by what's left of an old Venetian wall that was mostly destroyed during World War II, the Old Town offers beautiful harbor views, and fascinating excavated remains of an ancient Minoan city. You'll witness the town's Agios Nikolaos Church along the way, getting a sense of the different architectural and spiritual influences that have shaped Chania. Then stroll through the Agora, a lively market on the border of the Old Town and the modern city. Our last stop before we disperse for lunch will be to admire the impressive architecture that makes up the Trimartiri Cathedral.

Lunch: On your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations.

**Afternoon:** Resume your walking tour at the Maritime Museum, followed by a visit to a leather market to peruse artisan crafts. We'll return to the hotel, where you'll be able to spend some time on your own. Perhaps you'll choose to relax before dinner, or continue exploring the area surrounding our hotel.

Dinner: At a local restaurant.

**Evening:** You have the freedom to spend the rest of your evening as you wish—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

#### Day 2 Chania

- Destination: Chaina
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch
- Accommodations: Kydon Hotel or similar

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** With its Minoan roots and geographic separation from mainland Greece, Crete developed a culture—including its own mythology, poetry, music, and more—that's divergent from typical Greek culture. Its climate, biodiversity, and natural environment, are also quite unique. With both Mediterranean and North African climates, Crete is an agricultural superpower where summer fruits and vegetables grow year-round. The island also hosts a wide range of flora and fauna, including swallows that forego their species' typical African migration to reside in Crete full time.

We'll drive to a beautiful botanical park just outside of Chania, where you'll witness some of this biodiversity firsthand. On a guided hike, discover plants native to five different continents and gather fresh ingredients from the gardens.

**Lunch:** Cooked by a local with the ingredients we found in the botanical garden, and enjoyed together in the park.

**Afternoon:** Later this afternoon, drive back to our hotel, where you may enjoy some time to relax, or head into town and seek out your own discoveries.

**Dinner:** On your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations. You may choose to seek out a restaurant that serves classics like *dolmadakia*, or small grape leave rolls stuffed with lamb and rice.

**Evening:** Spend the rest of your evening as you wish—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

#### Day 3 Overland to Rethymno • Heraklion

- Destination: Heraklion
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Lunch
- Accommodations: Olive Green Hotel or similar

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** After breakfast this morning, we'll depart our hotel, leaving Chania and driving to Rethymno. Upon arrival, enjoy a walking tour through the Old Town, an area of the city whose layout has remained unchanged since the 17th century. After a visit to the Folk Art Museum, we'll depart on foot for a local bakery that specializes in *phyllo*—a main ingredient in baklava. Here, we'll see the process behind this time-honored tradition and get to ask the local bakers any questions we may have.

Lunch: At a local restaurant.

**Afternoon:** Following lunch, we depart for Crete's capital, Heraklion, to check in to our hotel. After checking in, the rest of the day is yours to enjoy on your own terms. You might visit picturesque St. Catherine's Square and discover its two towering churches that date back to the middle ages.

**Dinner:** On your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations. You may want to seek out *moussaka*, an eggplant or potato-based dish typically topped with a Béchamel sauce. **Evening:** You have the freedom to spend the rest of your evening as you wish—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

## **Day 4** Explore Heraklion • Optional *Spinalonga: The Leper Colony* tour

- Destination: Heraklion
- Included Meals: Breakfast
- Accommodations: Olive Green Hotel or similar

#### Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Our exploration of Crete's capital city begins today after breakfast when we'll depart for the Knossos Archaeological Site in Heraklion. Here, we'll witness the ruins of a 1,300-room palace complex from what is considered to be Europe's oldest city. Dating back to the Bronze Age, the site reveals insights into the Minoan civilization.

You may spend the rest of the day making discoveries on your own, or join us on our optional *Spinalonga: The Leper Colony* tour. Originally part of mainland Crete, but carved into a separate island during the 15th century Venetian rule, Spinalonga—known officially as Kalydon—was used first for fortification, and then as a leper colony in the first half of the 20th century. Those who choose to will get to explore both the fortress and the abandoned colony during our optional tour.

**Lunch:** Those who joined our optional tour will have lunch together in a local seafood restaurant. Otherwise, lunch is on your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations.

**Afternoon:** Later this afternoon, travelers on the optional tour will return to Heraklion, where you may enjoy free time for the rest of the afternoon and evening. Those not on the optional tour, can enjoy a free afternoon. **Dinner:** On your own. Perhaps you'll try a Cretan salad, reminiscent of the world-famous Greek salad, but typically served with special Cretan cheeses.

**Evening:** Free to do as you please—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

#### Day 5 Heraklion • Fly to Athens

- Destination: Athens
- Included Meals: Breakfast
- Accommodations: Cypria Hotel or similar

Breakfast: At our hotel.

Morning: Set out to explore Greece's capital. One of the oldest cities in history, Athens is considered the birthplace of democracy, and has long been a hot spot for many of the artistic, philosophical, and political developments that continue to shape our world. We'll begin our discoveries with a visit to one of the city's most iconic sites, the Acropolis. Constructed under the guidance of Pericles, the leader of ancient Athens, the Acropolis sits perched above the city, its historically and architecturally significant remnants—including the Parthenon—providing glimpses into Greece's Golden Age.

**Lunch:** On your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations.

**Afternoon:** Check into your Athens hotel. Then, enjoy free time or an optional walking tour of the Panathenaic Stadium and the Temple of Zeus.

**Dinner:** On your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations.

Evening: Open to your own discoveries.

#### **Day 6** Athens

- Destination: Athens
- Included Meals: Breakfast, Dinner
- Accommodations: Cypria Hotel or similar

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** This morning, we'll discover the countless artifacts of the National Archaeological Museum. We'll spend some time here taking in the displays at one of the richest archaeological museums in the world. Then, get a sense of daily Athenian life when you visit an outdoor market on Athinas Street. While there, engage with locals and perhaps sample a few Greek delicacies.

**Lunch:** On your own—ask your Trip Experience Leader for local restaurant recommendations. Along with your entrée, you may want to order an appetizer of *saganaki*, a fried cheese specialty.

**OPTIONAL TOUR** 

#### Spinalonga: The Leper Colony

(Day 4 \$170 per person)

Spinalonga, also known as Kalydon, was originally part of mainland Crete. In the 15th century, under Venetian rule, it was carved off into its own separate island. Originally used as fortification and protection over trade routes, the island eventually was used to separate those suffering from leprosy from the rest of society during the first half of the 20th century. On this optional tour, we'll get to explore both the fortresses and the abandoned leper colony, followed by lunch together in a local seafood restaurant. **Afternoon:** We'll arrive back at our hotel where the rest of the day is free for your own discoveries—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

Dinner: At a local restaurant.

**Evening:** At your leisure—ask your Trip Experience Leader for recommendations.

#### Day 7 Athens • Fly U.S.

- Destination: U.S.
- Included Meals: Breakfast

Breakfast: At the hotel.

**Morning:** Transfer to the airport for your flight to the U.S.

## YOUR MEDITERRANEAN SMALL SHIP Small Ship Adventures aboard our privately owned, award-winning, 50-passenger small ships

During your travels in the Mediterranean—including the Aegean and Adriatic seas and French and Italian Rivieras—you'll be cruising aboard one of our 50-passenger small ships, rated excellent by 96% of travelers. The M/V *Athena*, M/V *Artemis*, and M/V *Arethusa* were designed and built to carry just two groups of 20–25 (average of 22) travelers, each with its own local Trip Experience Leader. These ships are the perfect size to navigate the islands and shores of the Mediterranean—and then slip into the smaller ports and harbors for the night, well away from the larger cruise ships.

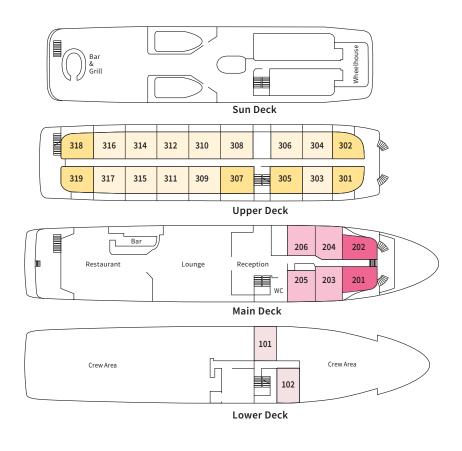


#### SHIPBOARD FEATURES

- **Restaurant with single, open seating:** Savor regionally-inspired dishes or American favorites during all meals.
- **Comfortable lounge:** Relax with old friends and new, and participate in onboard discussions and lectures.
- **Complimentary beverages:** Enjoy house beer and house wine—as well as soft drinks—at any time of day while onboard.
- Wireless Internet access: Connect online in cabins and common areas. *Please note: Connectivity may be limited at certain points throughout your cruise.*

- Outdoor common areas: Relish coastal views from your seat on the Sun Deck—perhaps with a cocktail from the outdoor bar.
- **English-speaking crew:** Enjoy dedicated attention from our international staff throughout your voyage. Plus, all shipboard announcements are made in English for your convenience.

#### **MEDITERRANEAN SMALL SHIPS**



This ship complies with the latest international and U.S. Coast Guard safety regulations and is outfitted with the most current navigational and communications technology. It has retractable fin stabilizers to help reduce discomfort during rough seas.



Registry: Malta Length: 193 ft. Beam: 35 ft. Draft: 10 ft. Cabin Size: 150-170 sq. ft., with 2 single cabins of 140 sq. ft. Number of Cabins: 26 Passenger Capacity: 50 Built: 2007 International crew: 21 Passenger Decks: 3 Group Size: 25 travelers, maximum, with 1 Trip Experience Leader Stairs, no elevator

#### **CABIN FEATURES**

- 24 double-occupancy cabins from 150-170 sq. ft.; 2 single-occupancy cabins at 140 sq. ft.
- All outside-facing with either portholes or a balcony
- Two single beds (convertible to one full); one single bed in single-occupancy cabins
- Wireless Internet access, closet, bed-side tables with lamps, desk with mirror, flat-screen TV, telephone, safe, minirefrigerator, individually controlled airconditioning, and dual electrical outlets
- Private bath with shower, hair dryer, and toiletries



Cabin on the Upper Deck of the M/V Athena

## **TRAVEL DOCUMENTS & ENTRY REQUIREMENTS**

#### Your Passport

- Must be in good condition
- Must be valid for at least 6 months after your scheduled return to the U.S.
- Must have the required number of blank pages (details below)
- The blank pages must be labeled "Visas" at the top. Pages labeled "Amendments and Endorsements" are not acceptable

#### Need to Renew Your Passport?

Contact the National Passport Information Center (NPIC) at **1-877-487-2778**, or visit the U.S. Department of State's official website at **www.travel.state.gov** for information on obtaining a new passport or renewing your existing passport. The U.S. Department of State allows for passport renewal by mail or, for applicable citizens, renewal online. We advise you review the process and requirements for online passport renewal on the official website.

You may also contact our recommended visa service company, PVS International, at **1-800-556-9990** for help with your passport.

Please note: Your passport should be valid for at least 6 months to join this trip.

#### Recommended Blank Pages

Please confirm that your passport has enough blank pages for this adventure.

- Main trip only: You will need 7 blank passport pages.
- Ankara & Cappadocia extension: No additional blank pages are needed.
- Athens & Crete extension: No additional blank pages are needed.

#### Visa Required

We'll be sending you information with instructions, application forms, and fees about 100 days prior to your departure. In the meantime, we're providing the information below as a guideline on what to expect. This information is for U.S. citizens only. All visas and fees are subject to change.

- **Europe (Greece):** Starting in 2025, U.S. citizens will be required to fill out an online European Travel Information and Authorization System (ETIAS) visa-waiver to enter countries in the European Union. There is no confirmed start date for the ETIAS at the time of printing. The ETIAS will be valid for 3 years.
- **Turkey:** No visa required.

#### Traveling Without a U.S. Passport?

If you are not a U.S. citizen, or if your passport is from any country other than the U.S., it is your responsibility to check with your local consulate, embassy, or a visa services company about visa requirements. We recommend the services of PVS International, a national visa service located in Washington D.C.; they can be reached at **1-800-556-9990** or **www.pvsinternational.org**.

#### Traveling With a Minor?

Some governments may require certain documentation for minors to enter and depart the country or to obtain a visa (if applicable). For further detail on the required documentation, please contact your local embassy or consulate.

#### **Emergency Photocopies of Key Documents**

We recommend you carry color photocopies of key documents including the photo page of your passport plus any applicable visas, air itinerary, credit cards (front and back), and an alternative form of ID. Add emergency phone numbers like your credit card company and the number for your travel protection plan. Store copies separate from the originals.

If you plan to email this information to yourself, please keep in mind that email is not always secure; consider using password protection or encryption. Also email is not always available worldwide. As an alternative, you could load these documents onto a flash drive instead, which can do double-duty as a place to backup photos during your trip.

#### Overseas Taxes & Fees

This tour may have taxes and fees that cannot be included in your airline ticket price because you are required to pay them in person onsite. All taxes are subject to change without notice and can be paid in cash (either U.S. or local currency). If applicable, you will receive a list of these fees with your Final Documents.

## **RIGORS, VACCINES & GENERAL HEALTH**

#### Is This Adventure Right for You?

**Please review the information below prior to departing on this adventure.** We reserve the right for our Trip Experience Leaders to modify participation, or in some circumstances send travelers home, if their condition would adversely affect the health, safety, or enjoyment of themselves or of other travelers.

#### GROUP SIZE

• This adventure has a maximum group size of 25 travelers with a local Trip Experience Leader exclusive to O.A.T.

#### PACING

• 15 days, with 7 nights aboard a small ship, one three-night hotel stay, and two two-night hotel stays

#### PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS

- Walk 3 miles unassisted and participate in 6-8 hours of physical activities each day
- Our activities include up to two hours of walking on uneven surfaces uphill, with several sets of stairs
- Agility, balance, and strength are required for possible rough seas
- Not accessible for travelers using wheelchairs or scooters
- Travelers using walkers, crutches, or other mobility aids must travel with a companion who can assist them, and may not be able to participate in all activities
- We reserve the right for Trip Experience Leaders to restrict participation, or in some circumstances send travelers home, if their limitations impact the group's experience
- You may encounter animals on this trip. We make every effort to keep these encounters safe, however animals may behave unpredictably or dangerously at times. Please use caution when interacting with animals on this trip: Keep a safe distance, stay alert, and respect the animals

#### **TERRAIN & TRANSPORTATION**

- Uneven walking surfaces, unpaved paths, hills and rocky slopes, and stairs
- Gangway incline can be steep when docked at a pier
- Travel by 50-passenger small ship and 45-seat coach
- Your small ship does not have elevators onboard

- You must be cleared by a country's local port authorities before disembarking
- Weather conditions and tides may require adjustments to your itinerary

#### CLIMATE

• Daytime temperatures range from 63-92°F during cruising season; June-August are warmest months

#### Restrictions for Optional Tour: Ballooning over Cappadocia

NOTE: This optional tour is only offered during the Cappadocia extension.

You must be physically able to climb in and out of the balloon basket (sides are 42" high), stand unassisted for an hour, and be able to adopt a bended knee/seated position for landing. You should not fly if: you've had recent surgery, have severe back or hip problems, are frail, have mobility problems, have certain pre-existing conditions (epilepsy, osteoporosis, etc) – among other restrictions. (Note also that there is a supplemental fee for passengers weighing more than 252 lbs.) Please contact our Traveler Support Team at 1–800–221–0814 for details.

Flights are regulated by the Civil Aviation Law under a public transport license and the balloon pilot is the final arbiter of whether to fly or not. Common reasons for not flying are weather/ wind conditions that may not be obviously bad. A poor forecast can cancel flights on a seemingly perfect morning; wind speeds at altitude may be outside the balloons capabilities, or in wrong directions – but invisible from the ground. Rain and poor visibility are also deterrents. Disappointing as a cancellation may be, the decision always considers the safety of the passengers first.

#### Steps to Take Before Your Trip

Before you leave on this adventure, we recommend the following:

- Check with the CDC for their recommendations for the countries you'll be visiting. You can contact them online at **www.cdc.gov/travel** or by phone at **1-800-232-4636**.
- Have a medical checkup with your doctor at least 6 weeks before your trip.
- Pick up any necessary medications, both prescription and over-the-counter.
- Have a dental and/or eye checkup. (Recommended, but less urgent)

#### **No Vaccines Required**

#### **Recommended Vaccines**

At the time of writing there were no required vaccines for this trip. The CDC recommends that all travelers be up to date on their routine vaccinations and on basic travel vaccines like Hepatitis A and Typhoid, but these are suggestions only. However, this could change in future so we encourage you to check with the CDC yourself before meeting with your doctor.

#### Medications for This Trip

Also, when you visit your doctor, get a prescription for an antibiotic medication for gastrointestinal illness. In addition, you should ask your doctor for a prescription for a pain medication. You might need this in the unlikely event of an injury in a location where medical attention would be delayed. Our staff do not carry prescription medications.

#### Malaria Medication Not Needed

Occasionally, we will receive questions about the need to get anti-malaria pills for Turkey. According to the CDC, the risk of malaria in Turkey is "very low" and not an issue at all on a typical cruise itinerary like this trip.

#### Traveling with Medications

- Pack medications in your carry-on bag to avoid loss and to have them handy.
- **Keep medicines in their original, labeled containers** for a quicker security screen at the airport and a better experience if you get stopped by customs while overseas.
- **Bring copies of your prescriptions**, written using the generic drug name rather than a brand name to be prepared for any unforeseen loss of your medications.

We recommend checking with the State Department for medication restrictions by country: **travel.state.gov** (Go to "Find International Travel Information", select "Country Information", then enter the country into the search bar; if you don't see any medications specifically mentioned under the "Health" section, then you can presume major U.S. brands should be OK).

#### Staying Healthy on Your Trip

#### Jet Lag Tips

- Start your trip well-rested.
- Begin a gradual transition to your new time zone before you leave or switch to your destination time zone when you get on the plane.
- Attempt to sleep and eat according to the new schedule.
- Avoid heavy eating and drinking caffeine or alcoholic beverages right before—and during your flight.
- Drink plenty of water and/or fruit juice while flying
- Stretch your legs, neck, and back periodically while seated on the plane.
- After arrival, avoid the temptation to nap.
- Don't push yourself to see a lot on your first day.
- Try to stay awake your first day until after dinner.

#### Allergies

If you have any serious allergies or dietary restrictions, we advise you to notify us at least 30 days prior to your departure. Please call our Travel Counselors at **1-800-221-0814**, and we will communicate them to our regional office. Every effort will be made to accommodate you.

#### Water

- Tap water aboard ship and in Athens is safe for drinking, however if you know that your stomach is particularly sensitive to changes in diet/water you may want to drink bottled water instead.
- Outside of Athens, we recommend that you drink bottled water.
- Tap water in Turkey is not recommended for drinking, but is safe to use for brushing your teeth. Many travelers opt for better-tasting bottled water, which is readily available (but sometimes pricey in the most popular travel areas).

#### Food

- We've carefully chosen the restaurants for your group meals.
- Be very careful with food sold from vendors on the street, and with uncooked fruit and other foods. Fruit that you peel yourself is usually safe—avoid lettuce and other unpeeled produce.

## **MONEY MATTERS: LOCAL CURRENCY & TIPPING GUIDELINES**

Top Three Tips

- **Carry a mix of different types of payments**, such as local currency, an ATM card, and a credit card.
- **Traveler's checks are not recommended.** They can be difficult to exchange and the commission fee for cashing them is quite high. It's more practical to view them as a last resort in the event of a special situation.
- In general, you will not be able to pay with U.S. dollars on this trip; you will need local currency instead.

#### Local Currency

For current exchange rates, please refer to an online converter tool like **www.xe.com/ currencyconverter**, your bank, or the financial section of your newspaper.

**Euro Countries:** European Euro (€)

Turkey: Turkish lira (TL)

#### How to Exchange Money

If you want to exchange money before your trip, you can usually do so through your bank or at an exchange office. Your departure airport in the U.S., a travel agent, or an AAA office are also possible outlets. Or you can wait and change money on the trip instead—but it might be helpful to arrive with some local currency in case you run into a bank holiday or an "out of order" ATM.

On your trip, the easiest way is to withdraw funds from a local ATM. The ATM will give you local money and your bank at home will convert that into U.S. dollars.

You can also exchange cash at some hotels, large post offices, and money exchange offices. To exchange cash, you'll usually need your passport and bills in good condition (not worn, torn, or dirty). New bills (post 2004) are best.

Please note that many banks in Europe will only exchange money for their own customers. Never exchange money on the street. All exchange methods involve fees, which may be built into the conversion rate; ask beforehand.

#### ATMs

When using the ATM, keep in mind that it may only accept cards from local banks, and may not allow cash advances on credit cards; you might need to try more than one ATM or more than one card.

Many banks charge a fee of \$1-\$10 each time you use a foreign ATM. Others may charge you a percentage of the amount you withdraw. We recommend that you check with your bank before you depart.

Lastly, don't forget to memorize the actual digits of your card's PIN number (many keypads at foreign ATMs do not include letters on their keys—they only display numbers.)

In most countries, ATMs are widely available in major cities. If you are in a rural location, it will likely be harder to find an ATM.

**Turkey:** ATMs are common throughout large cities and small towns in Turkey.

**Greece:** ATMs are common throughout Greece.

#### Credit & Debit Cards

While traveling, most countries and major cities will accept credit cards. Even if you don't plan on using a credit card during your trip, we still suggest that you bring one or two as a backup, especially if you are planning a large purchase (artwork, jewelry). We also suggest that you bring more than one brand of card (i.e. Visa, MasterCard, American Express) if possible, because not every shop will take every card. For example, although Discover and American Express cards are accepted in some countries outside the U.S., they are not widely adopted, so other brands will work at a much larger range of stores, restaurants, etc.

If you are visiting a country that does not commonly accept credit cards, they will be listed below.

**Turkey:** Credit cards are widely accepted in Turkey, but street vendors and small shops may require cash.

**Greece:** Credit cards are widely accepted in Greece, but street vendors will require cash. Some small shops and restaurants may also require cash so it is always good to ask before making a purchase.

#### Chip Cards

Many countries have adopted credit cards that have an embedded computer chip. These cards are inserted into the reader instead of swiped. The card owner then authorizes the purchase using a PIN instead of signing.

Though this technology is common in the U.S., occasionally there are machines in other countries that can't read U.S. cards or the machine can read the card, but asks for a PIN. This doesn't happen often, and is nothing to worry about. You can usually resolve the situation by asking the cashier to let you sign. (If you don't speak the language, just mime signing on your hand.) If you are not able to sign for a purchase, such as at an automated ticket booth, you can use another form of payment, such as a debit card that has a PIN.

# Notify Card Providers of Upcoming Travel

Many credit card companies and banks have fraud alert departments that will freeze your card if they see suspicious charges—such as charges or withdrawals from another country. To avoid an accidental security block, it is a good idea to notify your credit card company and/or bank you will be using your cards abroad. You can do this by calling their customer service number a week or two before your departure. Some banks or credit card companies will also let you do this online.

You should also double-check what phone number you could call if you have a problem with a card while you are abroad. Don't assume you can use the 1-800 number printed on the back of your card—most 1 800 numbers don't work outside of the U.S.!

# On Board Ship: Two Separate Bills Will be Issued

- **Shipboard account:** This bill is for any on board purchases (drinks, souvenirs, etc.) and is calculated in Euros. This bill is payable at the front desk by cash or credit/debit card only. For cash, we accept only Euros. For credit/debit cards, we accept MasterCard and Visa. Other forms of payment, such as checks, Discover, and American Express are not accepted.
- **Optional tour account:** This bill is for any optional tours taken during the trip and is calculated in U.S. dollars. This bill is paid with your Trip Experience Leader (they will have you fill out a form) by credit/debit card only; other forms of payments such as cash and checks are not accepted. For more information on optional tours—including which cards we accept for payment—see the "Preparing for Your Trip" chapter.

**Please note:** Payments made by credit card may take up to three months to process. We ask that you use a credit card that will not expire until three months after your trip ends. Because our headquarters are in Boston, the charges may appear to be from Boston or might be labeled as "OPT Boston" (depending on your credit card company).

## **Exchange Services**

Due to international banking laws, we are not able to exchange money onboard the ship. If you need to obtain local currency, please see the "How to Exchange Money" section for helpful tips and information.

# **Tipping Guidelines**

Of course, whether you tip, and how much, is always at your own discretion. But for those of you who have asked for tipping suggestions, we offer these guidelines:

• **O.A.T. Trip Experience Leader:** It is customary to express a personal "thank you" to your Trip Experience Leader at the end of your trip. As a guideline, many travelers give \$10-\$14 USD (or equivalent in local currency) per person for each day their Trip Experience Leader is with them. Please note that these tips can only be in cash. If you are taking any of the optional extensions, your Trip Experience Leader during the extension(s) may not be the same as the one on your main trip.

- **Shipboard Crew:** We recommend a flat tip of \$16-\$18 U.S. per traveler, per day. You'll give this tip once—at the end of your cruise—and it will be pooled among the entire crew. For your convenience, tips for the crew can be paid in U.S. cash or in local currency.
- Housekeeping Staff at Hotels: We recommend \$1 per traveler, per day. (This is for hotels only; on the ship Housekeeping are part of crew, so you don't need to tip them separately.)
- **Included in Your Trip Price:** Gratuities are included for local guides and motorcoach drivers on your main trip, extensions, and all optional tours.

# **AIR, OPTIONAL TOURS & STAYING IN TOUCH**

#### Land Only Travelers & Personalized Air

#### **Quick Definitions**

- Land Only: You will be booking your own international flights. Airport transfers are not included.
- **Air-Inclusive:** You booked international air with us. Airport transfers are included as long as you didn't customize your trip's dates (see next bullet).
- Arrive Early or Stopover (select adventures only): If you chose one of these Personalization options and purchased air through O.A.T, accommodations and airport transfers are included. However, if you chose one of our Personalization options, but did not purchase air through O.A.T., accommodations are included, but airport transfers are not. If you chose one of our Personalization options, and purchase air through O.A.T. but not the accommodations, the airport transfers are not included. We have included transfer options below.
- **Personalization on Your Own:** If you have not purchased air through O.A.T. and decided to arrive early, stay longer, or stop in a connecting city on your own, you are responsible for airport transfers and accommodations. For your convenience, a preliminary list of your included hotels is available on your My Planner at **www.oattravel.com/myplanner** under "My Reservations" to help you with selecting a hotel for your additional time.

#### Air Inclusive Travelers

If you have purchased international air with us, there are some points that may be helpful for you to know.

- U.S. Departure: If you are among a group of ten or more travelers who depart the U.S. from your international gateway city, it is our goal to have an O.A.T. Representative assist you at the U.S. airport with the check-in of your flight. Unless there are extenuating circumstances beyond our control, the Representative will be at the check-in counter three hours before your departure time. If you are flying domestically before your international flight, the representative will be stationed at the check-in counter for your departing international flight, not at the domestic arrival gate.
- U.S. Return: If you are among a group of ten or more travelers who return to the same U.S. gateway city, an O.A.T. Representative will meet you as you exit Customs and help you find taxis, buses, hotel accommodations, or connecting flights. Again, it is our goal to have our Representative waiting to assist your group. In rare instances, unforeseen circumstances may prevent this service.

- Flying with a Travel Companion: If you're traveling with a companion from a different household, and both of you are beginning and ending your trip at the same airport on the same dates, let us know you'd like to travel together and we'll make every effort to arrange this (please note, however, that this is not always possible). If you request any changes to your flights, please be sure that both you and your companion tell us that you still want to fly together.
- Selecting Your Seats: If your airline allows pre-assigned seats, you will be able to select and view them directly from the airline's website after booking. Some airlines will not allow seat confirmation until your reservation is ticketed 45-30 days prior to departure, and/or they may charge a nominal fee. You may locate your itinerary on an airline's website utilizing the Record Locator Number found on the Air Itinerary in your My Planner.

## Airport Transfers Can Be Purchased

For eligible flights, airport transfers may be purchased separately as an optional add-on, subject to availability. To be eligible, your flight(s) must meet the following requirements:

- You must fly into or fly home from the same airport as O.A.T. travelers who purchased included airfare.
- Your flight(s) must arrive/depart on the same day that the group arrives or departs.
- If you are arriving early, you must have arranged the hotels through our Arrive Early personalization option

Airport transfers can be purchased up to 45 days prior to your departure; they are not available for purchase onsite. To learn more, or purchase airport transfers, please call our Travel Counselors at **1-800-221-0814**.

If you don't meet the requirements above, you'll need to make your own transfer arrangements. We suggest the Rome to Rio website as a handy resource: www.rome2rio.com.

## **Optional Tours**

Optional tours are additional add-on tours that allow you to personalize your adventure by tailoring it to your tastes and needs. And if you decide not to join an optional tour? Then you'll have free time to relax or explore on your own—it's about options, not obligations.

## What You Need to Know

- All optional tours are subject to change and availability.
- Optional tours that are reserved with your Trip Experience Leader can be paid for using credit/debit cards only. We accept MasterCard, Visa, and Discover credit cards; we can also take MasterCard or Visa debit cards as long as the card allows you to sign for purchases. (You won't be able to enter a PIN.)

- To ensure that you are charged in U.S. dollars, your payment will be processed by our U.S. headquarters in Boston. This process can take up to three months, so we ask that you only use a card that will still be valid three months after your trip is over. The charge may appear on your credit card statement as being from Boston, MA or may be labeled as "OPT Boston".
- Your Trip Experience Leader will give you details on the optional tours while you're on the trip. But if you'd like to look over descriptions of them earlier, you can do so at any time by referring to your Day-to-Day Itinerary (available online by signing into My Planner at **www. oattravel.com/myplanner**).

## Communicating with Home from Abroad

# Cell Phones

If you want to use your cell phone on the trip, check with your phone provider to see if your phone and service will work outside of the U.S. It may turn out to be cheaper to rent an international phone or buy a SIM card onsite. If you want to use a local SIM, just make certain your phone can accept one.

# Calling Apps

We recommend you use WhatsApp while abroad to communicate home and with your Trip Experience Leader while onsite. You will need a Wi-Fi connection if you do not have international coverage. Other calling options include smartphone apps such as Skype or FaceTime. You will need a Wi-Fi connection for these apps and the calls may count towards your phone plan's data allowance. Many smartphones-and some tablets or laptops- come with one of these apps preinstalled or you can download them for free from the appropriate apps store.

# Calling Cards and 1-800 Numbers

When calling the U.S. from a foreign country, a prepaid calling card can be useful because it circumvents unexpected charges from the hotel. Calling cards purchased locally are typically the best (less expensive, more likely to work with the local phones, etc.).

One reminder: Do not call U.S. 1-800 numbers outside the continental United States. This can result in costly long distance fees, since 1-800 numbers do not work outside the country.

# Internet and Email

Most hotels in Turkey and Athens have Internet services available, some for free, some based on a fee for use. Many hotels provide complimentary WiFi in a common area, like the lobby or reception, but not in the guest rooms. Internet cafes are also available at different points throughout your trip. You can either bring your own device during the trip and use WiFi where it is available, or leave it at home and rely on places that provide computers, like a hotel with a business center or Internet cafes. Internet access, however, is not available is on board your ship.

#### How to Call Overseas

When calling overseas from the U.S., dial 011 for international exchange, then the country code (indicated by a plus sign: +), and then the number. Note that foreign phone numbers may not have the same number of digits as U.S. numbers; even within a country the number of digits can vary depending on the city and if the phone is a land line or cell phone.

**Turkey:** +90

**Greece:** +30

# PACKING: WHAT TO BRING & LUGGAGE LIMITS

# Luggage Limits

MAIN TRIP LIMITS				
Pieces per person	One checked bag and one carry-on bag per person.			
Weight restrictions	Varies by airline. The current standard is 50 lbs for checked bags and 15 lbs for carry-on bags.			
Size Restrictions	Varies by airline. Measured in linear inches (length+width+depth). Generally, 62 linear inches is the checked bag limit; carry-on limit is 45 linear inches.			
Luggage Type	A sturdy, fabric-sided suitcase with built-in wheels and lockable zippers is recommended.			

#### **TRIP EXTENSION(S) LIMITS**

If you are taking the Ankara & Cappadocia, Turkey extension, checked luggage will be limited to 44 lbs and carry-on bags are limited to 17 lbs.

If you are taking the Athens & Crete extension, the luggage limits are the same as the main trip.

## **REMARKS/SUGGESTIONS**

**One suitcase and one carry-on bag per person:** Due to the space limitations on bus transfers, you'll be restricted to one suitcase and one carry-on bag per person. This is to ensure that we have room for everyone's luggage. We ask that you abide by this limit to avoid inconveniencing your fellow travelers and prevent additional airlines luggage fees (which are your responsibility). Most airlines now charge to check more than one suitcase per person for flights to Europe and other international flights.

**Luggage rules:** Luggage rules and limits are set by governmental and airline policy. Enforcement of the rules may include spot checks or may be inconsistent. However one thing is the same across the board: If you are found to have oversized or overweight luggage, you will be subject to additional fees, to be assessed by—and paid to—the airline in question.

#### Don't Forget:

• **These luggage limits may change.** If the airline(s) notify us of any changes, we will include an update in your Final Documents booklet.

- It's a good idea to reconfirm baggage restrictions and fees directly with the airline a week or so prior to departure. For your convenience, we maintain a list of the toll-free numbers for the most common airlines on our website in the FAQ section.
- Baggage fees are not included in your trip price; they are payable directly to the airlines.
- The luggage limits above are based on your regional flights, which may be less than your international flights. Even if your international airline offers a larger weight limit, you will need to pack according to the lower restrictions.

#### Your Luggage

- **Checked Luggage:** Consider a duffel bag or soft-sided suitcase. Look for one with heavy nylon fabric, wrap-around handles, built-in wheels, and a heavy duty lockable zipper. Due to space limitations on our motorcoaches, you are allowed one piece of checked luggage per person. Porterage at airports and hotels is provided for **one** bag per person. All bags should have luggage tags.
- **Carry-on Bag:** You are allowed one carry-on bag per person. We suggest a tote or small backpack that can be used as both a carry-on bag for your flight and to carry your daily necessities—water bottle, camera, etc—during your daily activities.
- Locks: For flights that originate in the U.S., you can either use a TSA-approved lock or leave your luggage unlocked. Outside of the U.S. we strongly recommend locking your luggage as a theft-prevention measure.

## Clothing Suggestions: Functional Tips

- **Travel light:** A good rule of thumb is to gather together everything you want to bring; then take half of that. To have a varied travel wardrobe, yet keep your luggage light, we recommend you select a color scheme and pack color-coordinated clothing items that can be mixed to create different outfits.
- **Consider clothing designed for travel, sports, or camping:** With modern fabrics, lightweight packing for comfort and protection through a wide range of weather is easy.
- **Plan to dress in layers on shore excursions.** Be prepared for a variety of weather conditions: warm days with sun, chilly temperatures with showers, and evenings that could dip into the 40s or 50s, depending on your travel season.
- **Bring rain gear:** Regardless of your month of travel, rainfall is certainly a possibility. We suggest you bring a folding umbrella and waterproof shell. Water-resistant walking shoes are advantageous in case heavy downpours pass through.
- **Good walking shoes are critical.** This program features many included tours that follow steep, unpaved or cobbled routes; and even an average day of light sightseeing or shopping can put great demands on your feet. If you prefer more ankle support, take light hiking boots. In case you get caught in the rain, we suggest you bring an extra pair of walking shoes, and rain boots or galoshes. Aboard ship, you'll want non-slip shoes with rubber soles.

#### Style Hints

- **Pack casual clothes:** Comfortable, informal apparel is acceptable at each of your destinations. At dinner, you will not need to wear "dressy" clothing; men do not need jackets or ties and women do not need fancy dresses. You may want one or two "smart casual" outfits for the Welcome Reception or Farewell Dinner, but it's completely up to you.
- **Dress modestly:** Some religious sites, like Orthodox churches and Muslim mosques, strongly prefer that visitors of both genders dress modestly. In this context, "modestly dressed" usually means covered from shoulders to below the knees—no shorts, no sleeveless shirts, no low or revealing necklines, and women may be required to wear skirts below the knee.
- In many Orthodox churches or Muslim mosques, local women will cover their hair with a scarf; as a visitor you are usually not required to do the same, but doing so would be a nice way to show respect.

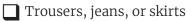
# Suggested Packing Lists

We have included suggestions from Trip Experience Leaders and former travelers to help you pack. These packing lists are only jumping-off points—they offer recommendations based on experience, but not requirements. We recommend using www.weather.com and consulting the "Climate" chapter of this handbook.

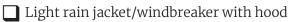
**And don't forget a reusable water bottle**—you'll need it to take advantage of any refills we offer as we are working to eliminate single-use plastic bottles on all of our trips.

## **Recommended** Clothing

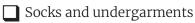
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Comfortable walking shoes and/or water resistant shoes



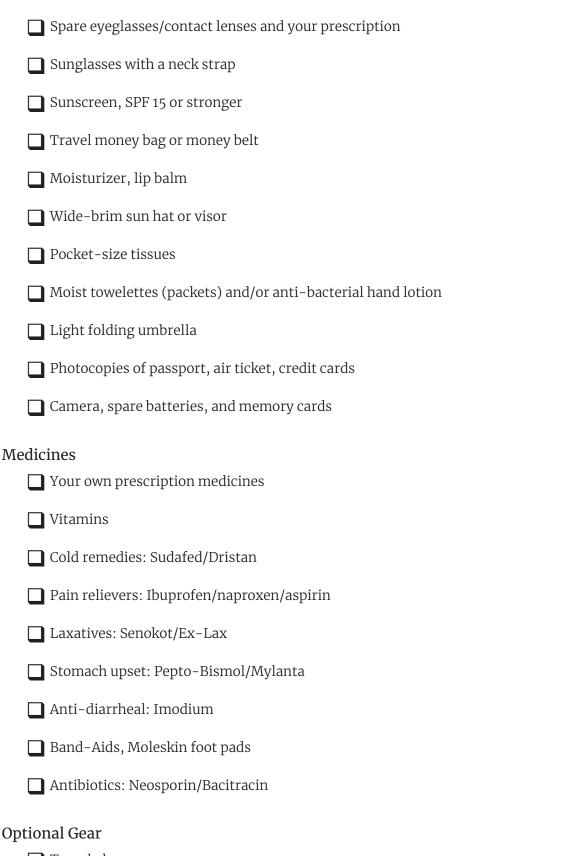
Sleepwear

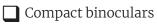




#### **Essential Items**

Daily essentials: toothbrush, toothpaste, floss, hairbrush or comb, shaving items, deodorant, etc.





Hanging toiletry bag with pockets
Washcloth
Travel-size tissues
Basic sewing kit
Hand-wash laundry soap (Woolite), clothespins/travel clothesline/stopper
Electrical transformer and plug adapter–see "Regional Electricity" section.
Reading materials
Travel journal/note pad
Swimsuit, if your ship/hotel has a pool or whirlpool
Addresses for postcards
Photos, small gift for Home-Hosted visit
Phrase book
Pocket-size calculator for exchange rates
Insect repellant For hotel stays: Many hotels will provide hair dryers, but not all. If a hair dryer is essential to you consider a travel-size version. Hair dryers are provided on your ship.

#### Home-Hosted Visits

It is customary, though not necessary, to return your hosts' generosity with a small gift. If you do bring a gift, we recommend that you bring something the whole family can enjoy, or something that represents your region, state, or hometown. Get creative and keep it small—peach jelly from Georgia, maple sugar candy from New England, orange blossom soap from California; something that can be used or used up is best. When choosing a gift, be certain to consider the local culture as well. For example, we do not recommend alcohol in Muslim countries because it is forbidden in Islam, and your hosts may be religious. Not all of our adventures include a home-hosted visit; please check your final itinerary before you depart.

#### **Electricity Abroad**

When traveling overseas, the voltage is usually different and the plugs might not be the same shape.

## Voltage

Electricity at hotels in Greece and Turkey is 220-240 volts. In the U.S. it is 110 volts. Most of the things a traveler will want to plug in—battery chargers, smartphones, tablets or computers—can run off both 110 and 220-240. But you should check the item or the owner's guide first to confirm this before you plug it in. Plugging a 110V U.S. appliance into 220/240V 50/60Hz service will ruin the motor. If you have something that needs 110 volts—like a shaver or a hairdryer—you can bring a transformer to change the current. (But transformers tend to burn out, so it might be better to leave whatever it is at home.)

Aboard the ship, cabins are equipped with both 110-volt and 220-volt outlets.

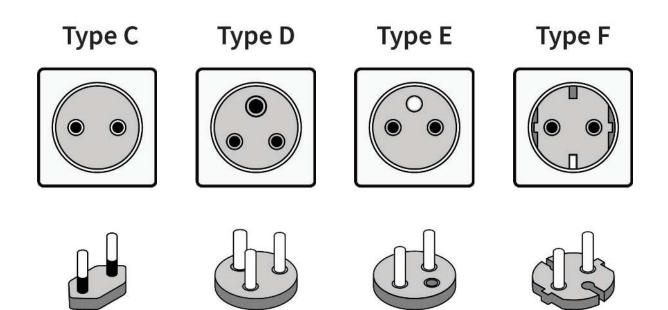
# Plugs

Aboard ship, there are both standard American plugs and Western European Type C plugs.

In hotels, the shape of plugs will vary from country to country, and sometimes even within a country depending on when that building was built. To plug something from the U.S. into a local socket you'll need an adapter that fits between the plug and the socket. Because you'll be visiting multiple countries on this trip, it may be easier to purchase an all-in-one, universal adapter/ converter combo. Versatile and lightweight, these can usually be found at your local electronics goods or hardware stores. Sometimes you can buy them at large retailers too, like Target or Walmart. If you forget to bring an adapter, you might also find them for sale at the airport when you arrive at your destination.

Different plug shapes are named by letters of the alphabet. Standard U.S. plugs are Type A and Type B. Here is the list of plugs for the countries on this trip:

Turkey: C and E (note that C plugs fit into E sockets)



# **CLIMATE & AVERAGE TEMPERATURES**

**Istanbul, Turkey:** Geographically, western Turkey, including Istanbul, is in Europe, while the rest of the country is in Anatolia and Asia Minor. As you move from the west to the east, the altitude goes up. Due to the varied geography, you will experience a wide range of temperatures and weather conditions in Turkey. Istanbul is cooler than most of the places you'll visit, but winters are mild and snow is rare.

**Greece:** The coastal regions of Greece have an almost ideal climate—plenty of sunshine and dry air most of the year. During spring and early fall, days are generally very comfortable. Although temperatures usually range from 60 to 80 degrees, occasionally they reach extremes of warm and cold. From May to July beaches are less crowded than during the heart of the summer and the water can be warm enough for swimming. In spring, Athens' surrounding hills come to life with gentle hues of green and colorful wild flowers. Coastal breezes often moderate summer heat, but on calm summer days, Athens can be very hot.

**Cappadocia, Turkey:** In Turkey's central plateau region the autumn and spring seasons are typically beautiful, with sun-filled skies and pleasant temperatures in the 50s, perhaps even in the 60s. Though evenings are always cooler, due to the high altitude. Winters are cold with snow and ice patches. Summers are hot and dry with cool evenings (cool enough for a sweater).

**Crete, Greece:** Overall, Crete has similar weather to Athens, but the heat is never as intense in summer, and the winters are some of the mildest in the country. The moderating factors are the sea breezes and the persistent Etesian wind, which consistently wafts across the Aegean islands and Crete.

**Aegean Islands:** The summer heat is even more tempered by fresh daytime breezes. During the three summer months, the *Meltemi*, a persistent northerly wind, occasionally reaches near gale force. Known by the old Greeks as the *Etesiae* northern winds, it results from a high-pressure system over the Balkan/Hungary area and a relatively low-pressure system over Turkey.

End of October is still pretty warm, however November is less predictable. The weather is March is irregular as well, but usually with more rain. For this reason we suggest that you bring sweaters, long pants, and a rain jacket if traveling at this time of year. Also, you may find it too cool to comfortably wear sandals at this time of year.

#### Climate Averages & Online Forecast

The following charts reflect the **average** climate as opposed to exact weather conditions. This means they serve only as general indicators of what can reasonably be expected. An extreme heat wave or cold snap could fall outside these ranges. As your departure approaches, we encourage you to use **www.weather.com** for a more accurate forecast of the locations you visit.

# Average Daily High/Low Temperatures (°F), Humidity & Monthly Rainfall

монтн	IST	ANBUL, TURK	(EY	CANAKKALE, TURKEY		
	Temp. High-Low	% Relative Humidity (am-pm)	Monthly Rainfall (inches)	Temp. High-Low	% Relative Humidity (am-pm)	Monthly Rainfall (inches)
JAN	46 to 37	82 to 71	3.7	48 to 38		4.2
FEB	47 to 37	81 to 68	2.8	49 to 40		2.7
MAR	51 to 40	83 to 65	2.3	53 to 42		2.7
APR	60 to 47	81 to 61	1.7	61 to 49		1.8
MAY	69 to 54	84 to 59	1.2	70 to 56		1.2
JUN	78 to 62	83 to 55	0.9	79 to 63		0.9
JUL	82 to 66	83 to 51	0.7	85 to 68		0.5
AUG	82 to 67	84 to 52	0.6	84 to 68		0.3
SEP	76 to 61	82 to 53	1.1	78 to 62		1.0
ост	67 to 55	83 to 61	2.1	67 to 54		1.9
NOV	57 to 47	81 to 66	3.5	58 to 47		3.6
DEC	50 to 42	81 to 71	4.0	52 to 43		4.2

монтн	ки	SADASI, TURK	(EY	ATHENS, GREECE		
	Temp. High-Low % Relative Humidity (am-pm)		Monthly Rainfall (inches)	Temp. High-Low	% Relative Humidity (am-pm)	Monthly Rainfall (inches)
JAN	55 to 39		6.3	57 to 45	75 to 63	1.9
FEB	57 to 41		4.4	57 to 45	75 to 62	1.6
MAR	60 to 42		3.5	60 to 47	76 to 60	1.6
APR	66 to 48		1.9	67 to 53	75 to 58	1.0
MAY	75 to 53		0.8	76 to 60	73 to 54	0.6
JUN	82 to 60		0.4	85 to 68	68 to 48	0.2
JUL	86 to 64		0.1	90 to 73	58 to 41	0.2
AUG	86 to 64		0.2	90 to 73	58 to 41	0.3
SEP	80 to 59		0.9	90 to 70	64 to 47	0.4
ОСТ	73 to 53		1.6	74 to 60	71 to 57	1.9
NOV	64 to 48		3.6	66 to 54	76 to 64	2.2
DEC	59 to 42		5.8	59 to 48	76 to 65	2.5

монтн	A	NKARA, TURK	EY	CHANIA, GREECE		
	Temp. High-Low	% Relative Humidity (am-pm)	Average # of Days with Rainfall	Temp. High-Low	% Relative Humidity (am-pm)	Monthly Rainfall (inches)
JAN	35 to 20	86 to 71	8	57 to 46		5.6
FEB	40 to 23	84 to 62	8	59 to 46		4.4
MAR	50 to 29	84 to 51	11	63 to 48		3.2
APR	60 to 38	84 to 46	17	68 to 52		1.3
MAY	68 to 44	86 to 44	17	75 to 57		0.5
JUN	76 to 49	86 to 40	13	84 to 67		0.2
JUL	82 to 55	77 to 35	7	87-71		0.0
AUG	83 to 55	73 to 33	5	86 to 71		0.1
SEP	76 to 47	75 to 34	5	81 to 67		0.7
ост	65 to 39	80 to 42	10	73 to 59		3.1
NOV	51 to 30	86 to 54	11	68 to 54		2.9
DEC	40 to 26	87 to 69	10	61 to 48		3.7

# ABOARD YOUR SHIP: CABIN FEATURES, DINING & SERVICES ON BOARD

#### M/V Athena, M/V Artemis & M/V Arethusa

Owned, operated, and staffed by us, these ships were designed exclusively for our travelers, and each features a similar layout. On the main deck, you'll find our reception area and the ship's library. For relaxation, the lounge/bar features inviting leather couches and soft chairs. Topside, a sun deck has classic wooden deck chairs for admiring the scenery. When it's time for meals, our large dining area at the stern features a single seating policy. While cruising, we'll enjoy daily breakfast and lunch buffets; sit-down dinners feature international and local specialties paired with regional wines.

#### Included features of your Small Ship

#### The Ship:

- Restaurant with single open seating
- Open Sun Deck for prime viewing
- Shipboard activities
- Smoke-free environment
- All shipboard announcements made in English
- Ice machine in the lobby
- Water fountains in the lobby

#### All Cabins:

- All outside cabins
- Layout of 150–163 square feet (24 doubles) and 120–135 square feet (2 singles)
- Private bath with shower, hair dryer
- Color TV with movies, and a bow camera for ship-front views
- Ample closet and dresser space
- Direct-dial telephone

**An important word:** While our ship features larger-than-usual cabins, please keep in mind that this ship is a coastal vessel, not large ocean cruise ships. Coastal cabins, in comparison, are relatively small, and ship amenities, in general, are comfortable but not lavish.

#### Cabin Assignments

You will receive confirmation of your deck and/or cabin category upfront in writing; it will be on your invoice and online in My Planner at **www.oattravel.com/myplanner**. However, your cabin number may not be assigned until you arrive on board the ship. (This is normal procedure for ships in many parts of the world, including Europe.) If there's no cabin number on your invoice or online, you can presume it will be assigned later and communicated to you when you board.

#### Dining

You'll enjoy fine cuisine and excellent views in your ship's dining room, featuring a warm decor of dark woods, rich carpeting, and white-linen and china table settings. Your ship's daily service includes breakfast and lunch buffets, and a more formal dinner. Our professional chefs will create unique menus for you that feature regional specialties. Included with both lunch and dinner are complimentary drinks; you'll be able to choose from house wine, draft beer, or a selection of soft drinks. In addition, a selection of other fine wines and beer is available for purchase, starting at approximately \$20–30 per wine bottle (prices vary according to vintage). Travelers may also bring a bottle of their own favorite wine to dinner to enjoy at their table. Should you care to avail yourself of this service, there will be a corkage fee of approximately \$10 per bottle, charged to your cabin account.

Please note that if you bring your own alcohol aboard, it can only be consumed in the dining room as described above, or in your cabin. Consumption of alcohol purchased outside the ship is not permitted in the lounge or public areas. We also offer complimentary coffee and tea throughout the day, available in the lounge.

**Open-table, single seating for all meals:** Each meal is open seating—reservations of any kind are not accepted. Dinner has only one designated time for its open seating, announced each day aboard ship.

**Dining times:** Dining times for all meals may vary depending on the day's sightseeing and sailing schedule, but in general, meal times are as follows:

- Early riser breakfast: 7:00 -7:30 am
- Breakfast: 7:30-8:30 am
- Lunch: 1:00-2:00 pm
- Dinner: 7:00 pm

**Special diets & celebrations:** Special diets, such as low-cholesterol, vegetarian, or gluten-free, can be accommodated, as well as the recognition of an anniversary or birthday. Please call us to submit your request no later than 45 days prior to departure. Religious dietary regimens, such as kosher or halal meals, cannot be prepared aboard ship.

**Dress code:** The dining-room dress code is casual, though most travelers dress nicely for the Captain's Welcome Reception and Farewell Dinner.

Non-smoking policy: The entire dining room is non-smoking at all times.

#### Embarkation/Disembarkation

On the day of disembarkation, your cabin will no longer be available after breakfast. You may sit in the ship's lounge or on the Sun Deck until disembarkation.

## Headsets

During your trip, complimentary headsets (often called "whisper receivers") will be provided on all of your included and optional tours, so that you can hear better over ambient noise. If you use a hearing aid or have a strong preference for a particular type of headphones, we highly encourage you to bring your own headphones/ear buds with you. The plug size is usually the same as that used by smartphones, computer jacks, etc. Headsets will also be available during the pre- and post-trip extensions, but not on the transfer day to/from the main trip.

#### Wireless Internet Access

Limited complimentary Wireless Internet service is available on board the ship. If you want to use the Wireless Internet connection you'll need to bring your own device (laptop/tablet/netbook) — ships do not rent or loan these devices. Shipboard access is subject to the challenges of travel: ship location, signal availability, and usage volume on board will affect connectivity and speed. The ship's Internet connection demands a strong cell phone signal, which is unavailable in many of the areas we visit, and connectivity can be limited. You can expect disruptions of both long and short duration. You may be able to take advantage of available shoreside Internet cafes, or hotel access if available.

## Laundry and Linen Service

Laundry service is available for a fee. Please note that neither self-service laundry facilities nor dry cleaning services are available. Towels are changed daily, but only at your request. (We use the international signal that most green hotels have adopted—if you want a towel changed, leave it on the floor or in the shower. A towel on the rack or hung up indicates you'll reuse it.) Bed linens are not changed daily. Fresh bed linens are supplied at the start of every cruise, and if the cruise is longer than two weeks they will be changed every 14 days. For cruises less than two weeks long, you'll keep same the same bed linens for the duration.

## Medical Care

Our entire fleet adheres to stringent European safety standards. Ships feature fully staffed reception desks for most of the day (from 7:00 AM to 10 PM) and each cabin is equipped with an emergency call button available to alert the Captain.

## On Board Activities

During your cruise you'll enjoy exclusive Discovery Series events, including group activities that relate to the region, theme dinners, organized discussions, and talks on upcoming ports of call.

## **Recreational Facilities**

These include a sun deck, lounge, library, bar and dance floor. The bar is open from 9:30 am to 11 pm, and features both complimentary drinks (soft drinks, house beer, house wine, and non-alcoholic cocktails/beer) and drinks for purchase (spirits, alcoholic cocktails, bottled beers, and a selection of wines). Prices are in Euros.

## Bicycles

We're pleased to offer complimentary bicycle rentals onboard your ship for use during free time, including all of the necessary safety gear, such as a helmet, brightly-colored safety vest, and a lock. Because there is a limited supply of bicycles available, they will be offered on a first-come first-served basis. For more information or if you are interested in using one of the bicycles, please speak to the Front Desk staff or Hotel Manager onboard your ship.

## **Telephone Services**

To make telephone calls from the ship, you will be charged on your shipboard account on the last day of the cruise. Phone calls are directly from your cabin and through satellite, and are charged per minute without regard to whether or not it is a local, international or Calling Card based call. We advise you to use it only for an emergency, as this is a satellite connection and a very expensive service (for example, calls will cost about \$10.00 per minute).

## Smoking/Non-Smoking Policy

All cabins are non-smoking. Smoking is permitted only outside on the sun deck. Smoking is not allowed anywhere else on the ship.

#### Shore Excursions

Included during your cruise are many sightseeing tours. Other optional tours are available for purchase. We will provide information on these optional excursions on your arrival. Please note that optional tours can only be purchased with a credit card or a debit card that doesn't require a pin.

## Lost & Found

Any lost or forgotten items found on board the ship will be held for 90 days from disembarkation. After 90 days, all unclaimed items will be discarded or donated.

## Ship Specifications

#### **M/V** Artemis

- History: Built in 2008
- Size: 193x35 ft
- Capacity: 50 passengers, 21 crew members

• Layout: 26 cabins, 3 decks; Elevator-no

#### M/V Athena

- History: Built in 2007
- Size: 193x35 ft
- **Capacity:** 50 passengers, 21 crew members
- Layout: 26 cabins, 3 decks; Elevator-no

#### M/V Arethusa

- History: Built in 2008
- **Size:** 193x35 ft
- Capacity: 50 passengers, 21 crew members
- Layout: 26 cabins, 3 decks; Elevator-no

# ABOUT YOUR DESTINATIONS: CULTURE, ETIQUETTE & MORE

# O.A.T. Trip Experience Leaders: A World of Difference

During your adventure, you'll be accompanied by one of our local, Trip Experience Leaders. All are fluent in English and possess the skills, certification, and experience necessary to ensure an enriching adventure. As locals of the regions you'll explore with them, our Trip Experience Leaders provide the kind of firsthand knowledge and insight that make local history, culture, and wildlife come alive. Coupled with their unbridled enthusiasm, caring personalities, and ability to bring diverse groups of travelers together, our Trip Experience Leaders ensure that your experience with O.A.T. is one you'll remember for a lifetime.

#### Cruising and The Greek Islands

As any sailor will tell you: you don't command the sea – it commands you. Most of the time things go along without complications, but all cruising is subject to the vagaries of winds, tides, and water, and flexibility of mind is vital to ensure a relaxed and full experience during your cruise. Port calls to the Greek islands and on your stop in Kusadasi, particularly in high season, occur at the pleasure of the local port authority, and marine traffic can create delays that might result in some re-scheduling. More frequently visited islands – Mykonos, for instance – are very traveler-friendly. At less frequented islands you may discover that local restaurants don't accept credit cards. More shops and restaurants will be open in Mykonos on the shoulder months of the holiday season than will be open on the less frequented islands. In high season the more renowned islands will be busy and crowded; others will be more relaxed and not as congested.

# Culture in the Aegean

Playground of Zeus, Apollo, and Aphrodite, birthplace of the Olympic Games, academy of Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle, cradle of democracy and Western literature, Greece has had a legendary influence on world culture despite its small size. From its classical capital of Athens, to a countryside speckled with grand amphitheaters and sacred temples, to the sun-soaked islands that dot its coast, it's no wonder mighty heroes and ancient thinkers found inspiration in this Mediterranean oasis. In recent years, the country has fallen on harder times: A persistent economic crisis, frictions within the European Union, and immigration issues all present ongoing challenges. But in spite of it all, Greece's indomitable spirit lives on through its most valuable asset—its people. Warm, proud, and gregarious, Greeks cling fiercely to their long-held traditions—including a love of family and a passion for their famous cuisine—while focusing on shaping their future in a modern world.

By its continent-straddling location and by conscious choice, Turkey is a true cultural crossroads. For centuries, its people have been exposed to both eastern and western traditions, and at the same time, they have aspired to define and maintain their unique national identity. It is a core concept known as Kemalism, based on secularism, modernization and democracy, and was expressed in myriad ways such as the complete separation of religion and government; refinement of the Turkish language; replacement of the Arabic alphabet with the Latin one; the support of science and education; and a patriotism that celebrates all Turks as equal citizens. Despite a recent conservative shift in government, for the most part, the ideals of Kemalism are still widely held.

Most Turks have a very strong sense of national pride, and want the world to see their nation as tolerant and advanced. Another core concept is generosity. This goes beyond the widespread tradition of alms giving and permeates daily interactions. For example, if you compliment a Turk on an object or personal belonging, they may feel compelled to give it to you. If you offer something once, a Turk may decline your offer out of modesty and politeness. But the rules of etiquette demand that you make a second offer, which may then be accepted. Deference to others is a key element in conversations, people are naturally helpful even to strangers, and elders enjoy special respect. If you are a guest in someone's home, you will likely be offered more food than you can possibly eat. Tea drinking is not just a way to slake thirst, it is a social ritual meant to signify good will, and you will be offered tea in many interactions. The belief is that any visitor is a "guest from God."

## **Religion and Religious Observances**

The legend of the Greek Gods has survived the centuries through art, architecture, and stories. But the country began a shift to Christianity in 49 A.D. and the religion continued to grow in popularity over the next thousand years. In 1054, a dispute between the Pope of Rome and the Patriarch of Constantinople led to what is now known as "the Great Schism," and Christianity was forever divided into two branches: Greek Orthodox and Catholicism. Today, approximately 90% of the Greek population belong to the Church of Greece (Greek Orthodox Church), the third largest branch of Christianity after Catholicism and Protestant.

The role of the Orthodox Church is closely tied with Greek culture, as it became a vehicle for preserving Greek language and traditions under the Ottoman Empire. Despite the centuries of Ottoman rule from 1453 to 1821, Greek culture and the Orthodox Church persisted and religion continues to play a major role in modern society with about 200 million followers worldwide. Although people of the Orthodox faith celebrate many of the same major holidays as other Christians, the Greek Orthodox calendar is slightly different, usually falling a week or two after. Christmas, for example, is typically celebrated on January 7 and is dwarfed by Easter as the most important holiday.

Turkey is a secular country with a majority Muslim population—about 99.8%. But this is not based on any government survey—when people are born, they are just automatically registered as Muslim unless their parents have otherwise registered them to one of the constitutionally recognized minority religions: Christianity (which includes some Catholic and Orthodox sects) and Judaism. Most Turks (80%) belong the Sunni tradition of Islam; though about 20% freely follow a uniquely Turkish form of Shi'a Islam called Alevi, though it is not a recognized minority religion.

When Kemal Ataturk established the modern Turkish state in 1923, he was adamant about secularism, believing that religion was an impediment to Turkey's modernization and democratization. For many years most Turks accepted the strict separation of Islam and public

institutions, and fundamentalism was unpopular, but recently, there has been a shift. Under the government of religious conservative Recep Tayyip Erdogan, the teaching of Islam in schools is now compulsory.

Practicing Muslims pray five times daily: dawn, noon, afternoon, sunset and evening. The exact time is listed in the local newspaper each day. The Call to Prayer, called the *ezan*, is sung or broadcast from minaret towers to remind the faithful that it is time to pray, and devout people will stop whatever they are doing, wherever they are, to observe it. If you find yourself near someone who is praying, do not stand in front of them. They are supposed to face in the direction of Mecca. And out of respect, please stay silent for the duration of the Call. Friday is the Muslim Sabbath day, but businesses usually remain open.

The biggest religious holiday is Ramadan, a month-long celebration meant to teach restraint and charity. During Ramadan, Muslims fast from dawn to dusk. This means no eating, drinking alcohol, cigarette-smoking, or even gum-chewing. Visitors are not required to fast; however, alcohol may not be served in some establishments and some restaurants may be closed. The museums and archaeological sites remain open. Each night at sunset, families and friends gather together to celebrate *iftar*—the breaking of the fast. The festivities often continue well into the night. The mosques and some streets are decorated with lanterns, special meals are prepared for the breaking of the fast, and nighttime social events and festivals are planned.

Ramadan follows a lunar calendar, so its dates change from year to year. If you're interested in checking what holidays fall during your trip, an online holiday calendar like www.timeanddate. com/holidays is a great resource.

## **Visiting Mosques and Churches**

When visiting a mosque or church, it is polite for both men and women to be modestly dressed (no bare shoulders, no shorts, no short skirts). You will be asked to remove your shoes before entering in a mosque. Some but not all mosques require women to cover their hair. To be safe, bring a small head scarf. Typically, a mosque that requires head coverings will have pieces to lend or rent. If you happen to be in the mosque during the Call to Prayer, please stand in the back of the building while the faithful line the rows to pray; and please remain silent for the duration.

## Language

It can be argued that the Greek language is perhaps one of the world's most famous, though one of the least commonly spoken, leading to the English idiom, "It's all Greek to me!" It certainly has the longest documents history, spanning more than 3,400 years. As the official language of Greece, 99% of the population speak the language. While the language may not be widely spoken, the Greek alphabet is more commonly recognizable and many common texts and literature can be traced back to Greek roots, including classics like *The Iliad*, *The Odyssey*, and the philosophical works of Aristotle.

Although native English speakers in Greece make up less than 1% of the population, English is commonly taught in schools so many people of the younger generations and those who work in travel and hospitality typically speak English as a secondary language.

The predominant (and official) language is Turkish, a Turkic language that is completely separate and distinct from Arabic, though some Arabic words have entered the lexicon. Until 1928, it was written using the Arabic alphabet, but Kemal Ataturk decreed that the Latin alphabet should be used and today that is the standard. Interestingly, today Turkish literacy rates are over 96%. The second most commonly spoken language is Kurdish, followed by Arabic and Zazaki (which is similar to Persian).

Only about 17% of Turks speak English as a second language, though the numbers are higher in major cities and among those who work in the travel and hospitality sector. The good news is that the friendliness of the Turkish people makes it easy to communicate even if you don't share a language. Any effort on your part to learn a few key words and phrases will be greatly appreciated.

# The Finer Points of Turkish Etiquette

Don't let the fine points of Turkish customs worry you; Turks know that visitors can't be expected to know every detail. Much of what is considered polite in Turkey is similar to what's polite in the U.S. But as a matter of interest, our regional office has put together a list of "finer points" that might surprise you:

- Body posture is important. Sprawling, pointing the soles of your feet at someone, or keeping your legs crossed when someone speaks to you are seen as impolite.
- Even after eating, your host might press you to take more. Perversely, while it is polite to accept a first helping, it is polite to decline a second helping...at least at first. (Eventually giving in and accepting more because the food is just too good to miss is perfectly acceptable.)
- Blowing your nose loudly and in public is frowned on.
- If a piece of bread is dropped, you may see a Turk pick it up, kiss it, and touch it to their forehead. This gesture is in remembrance that bread is the stuff of life and a gift from God.

## Toilets in Turkey

Although all our accommodations feature western-style toilets, some rest stops on the road and some public restrooms will have eastern-style squat toilets. For women travelers who are novices at using a squat toilet, a skirt might be easier to maneuver than trousers. (This does not mean you need to wear a skirt every day, just that it might be worthwhile to bring a skirt for days with long transfers through small villages. The other "trick" is to wear trousers, but roll up the legs.)

Public toilets may be hard to find; it is just not a common facility in this part of the world. And inevitably, when one is found it is out of toilet paper, or soap, or both. Carry a travel-sized roll of toilet paper or packets of tissues along something to clean your hands—like anti-bacterial gel or moist wipes—and you'll be prepared no matter what. Rest stops on the road will be widely spaced, and may be extremely basic. Despite their basic nature, there is often a small fee to use the restroom.

Because many buildings have older plumbing, with narrow pipes that easily clog, it is also common for public restrooms to offer a special trashcan inside the stall. Waste paper is put into the can instead of flushed. You may also see this arrangement when visiting a home.

# Alcohol Consumption in Turkey

Although alcohol is forbidden by Islam, attitudes towards alcohol are more relaxed in Turkey and Central Asia than in the Middle East. In Turkey, alcohol is readily available in city restaurants and cafes, and areas that cater to foreign guests. (It is, however, heavily taxed.) Markets may not sell alcohol between 10pm and 6am (but restaurants can). You may want to try one of the local specialties—raki in Turkey. Just don't bring alcohol as a gift for the locals—if someone is personally strict in adhering to Islam, they won't be able to enjoy it.

# Hotel Courtesy in Greece

Greek hotels do not allow food and beverages to be taken from their breakfast rooms, nor is it courteous to eat or drink food or beverages purchased elsewhere in hotel common rooms. In conformity with municipal laws to promote urban decorum, hotels do not allow hanging laundry on room balconies. Travel clotheslines, used in your bathroom, are a more private and effective solution.

# Taking Photographs

The etiquette of photographing people in most countries is about the same as it would be on the streets of your hometown. You need permission to take a close-up, but not for a crowd scene. Be especially polite if you want to photograph children or older women. If you want to shoot a great portrait, show interest in your subject and try to have a bit of social interaction first. Then use sign language to inquire if a picture is OK.

Please do not take photographs of military personnel, military compounds, or other official institutions/personnel (such as police). This may result in the confiscation of your camera.

In museums or at archaeological sites, there may be restrictions on using your flash. Please obey any signs or directions by staff; the no-flash rule protects the fragile artifacts and artwork from damage by repeated exposure to light. Occasionally, there may also be a small fee levied by the museum or site for the privilege of taking photos.

## Safety & Security

As you travel, exercise the same caution and awareness that you would in a large American city. Don't be overly nervous or suspicious, but keep your eyes open. If you are venturing out after dark, go with one or two other people.

Carry a one-day supply of cash, and your passport, in a travel pouch. Don't leave valuables unattended in your hotel room. Most hotels will offer use of a hotel safe at the front desk or an electronic in-room safe (for which you can set your own personal number). Please utilize this.

Pickpockets may create a sudden distraction. In any sort of puzzling street situation, try to keep one hand on your wallet or money belt. If an encounter with a local turns out to be long and complicated and involves money or your valuables, be very careful.

## Turkish Cuisine

Turkey's storied gastronomic tradition is often ranked as one of the world's top three cuisines (alongside French and Chinese). Aside from Turkey's own rich agricultural bounty, its crossroads location has meant that exotic ingredients from Persia, Central Asia, Africa, the Mediterranean and beyond have graced the local diet for centuries. Then there is the technical artistry of the legendary Ottoman and Seljuk palace chefs—chefs who were often sent abroad (or imported from far-flung imperial colonies) expressly for the purpose of inventing and refining new dishes. Prepare to be delighted by dishes like these:

- Borek: A breakfast pastry of flaky phyllo dough filled with meat or cheese
- **Menemen:** A breakfast dish where eggs are whisked into a pot of cooked vegetables with broth that is something like a cross between scrambled eggs and stew.
- **Sulu yemek:** A traditional stew that can include any combination of vegetables and may include meat, poultry, sausages, or seafood. It is recommend you try this dish at an *ev yemekleri*, which is typically run by women and serve up home-cooked meals.
- Hamsili pilav: A seafood dish of oven baked rice layered with fresh anchovies.
- **Midye dolma:** A seafood dish of mussels stuffed with aromatic rice, nuts, and spices such as raisins, pine nuts, saffron, black pepper, cinnamon, red pepper flakes, parsley, and dill. Often found at a **balik restoran**, a fish and seafood restaurant.
- **Kebabs:** The most popular and well-known street food, here are dozens of varieties of these grilled (and often skewered) delicacies made of seasoned beef, lamb, or chicken. (The one thing you won't find in Turkey is pork, as it is forbidden according to the Islamic halal tradition.)
- **Pide:** A popular street food, *pide* is a flatbread-style pizza topped with your choice of *kasarlı* or *peynirli* cheese, *yumurtali* (egg), *sucuklu* (sausage) and more.
- **Yaprak sarma:** A vegetarian dish of grape leaves filled with rice and seasoned with onion, mint, currants, peppers and cinnamon.
- **Taze fasulye:** A vegetarian dish of green beans simmered with tomatoes and onions
- **Dondurma:** An out-of-this-world frozen dessert made from orchid flour and a sweet, fruity resin called mastic. It's like ice cream that you eat with a knife and fork
- **Baklava:** A dessert pastry of layered phyllo dough, honey, and pistachios that is perhaps the most famous confection to come out of Turkey's imperial kitchens. It comes in several shapes and varieties: *cevizli* is with chopped walnut stuffing; *fistikli* is with pistachio nuts; *kaymakli* is with clotted cream.

## **Greek Cuisine**

A perfect Mediterranean climate. More than 6,000 islands and no mainland location more than 90 miles from the sea. Bountiful (and mostly organic) olive groves, fruit orchards, pastures, and vineyards. With all this richness, Greece has had no reason to change or complicate its cuisine in thousand of years. Here, it is the quality and freshness of simple ingredients that makes every dish a flavorful standout. So, let's start as the Greeks do, with *mesethes*, or *mezes*. These are frequently described as appetizers and though a specific *meze* may be offered as a first course, for most Greeks *mezes* is a separate event in and of itself. One goes out for *mezes* with friends and family, sharing various small plates of food, drinks, pastries, and conversation. You might be served one of the flavorful dishes below:

- Pasta elias: An olive paste to spread on breadsticks.
- Feta: A Greek brined white cheese that is soft and made from sheep or goat milk.
- Kasseri: A Greek hard cheese.
- **Sea bream:** A white fish with a rich flavor that is not too fishy. It is often served as a fillet and accompanied by baby potatoes or seasonal herbs.
- Keftedes: These are seasoned meatballs also accompanied by a dip.
- Kolokythokeftedes: Also known as zucchini fritters. These are often accompanied by *tzatziki* (yogurt, cucumber, and garlic dip), or *melitzanosalata* (eggplant dip), or *fava* (bean dip).
- **Dolmathakia or dolmas:** Are grape leaves rolled and stuffed with rice, pine nuts, meat, or other seasonings.
- **Moussaka:** A layered casserole of eggplant, ground lamb, tomato sauce, and potatoes covered in béchamel sauce and cheese, and spiced with cinnamon.
- **Pastitsio:** A lasagna-like dish made with pasta and ground beef or lamb, béchamel, cheese, cinnamon, and nutmeg.
- **Gyros and souvlaki:** These chunks or slices of seasoned grilled meat (usually lamb or pork) with chopped tomatoes and onions in pita bread, with lashings of *tzatziki* are sold in stalls everywhere.
- **Spanakopita**: A phyllo pastry layered with feta cheese and spinach.
- **Kakavia:** A specialty in the Aegean. This rockfish soup is made with cured sardines and various grilled whole fish drizzled with *ladholemono* (a lemon and oil dressing).
- Arni me votana: A lamb casserole with vegetables, beans, tomatoes, potatoes and herbs.
- Kaimaki: A sweet cream topped with nuts and honey that is famous in the Peloponnese

- **Pastitsada:** This signature dish of the Ionian islands is made with savory chicken or beef simmered in wine, cinnamon, garlic and spices. It's often served with *bucatini* pasta, a nod to the area's Venetian past.
- **Glyko kastano:** A chestnut pudding with honey and orange found in western Greece.
- **Revani:** A moist semolina cake with lemon and orange.
- Eliopsomo: A traditional Greek olive bread.
- **Tyropita:** This savory pastry is similar to *spanakopita*, but it's filling consists of cheese and eggs.

# Istanbul in Brief

## City Layout

European Istanbul is divided by the Golden Horn, an estuary, into two principal regions: the Old City, which is southwest of the Golden Horn, and Beyoglu (BEHY-oh-loo), which is northeast of it and more modern. Two bridges span the Golden Horn—the Ataturk and the Galata—and serve as the major thoroughfares that connect these two different sections of town. Ferries also run between them, and are a primary transportation mode for locals who live on one side and work in the other.

The Old City was part of the site chosen by Constantine the Great for his capital, and contains most of the historic sight of Istanbul. Here you'll find the Blue Mosque, Sancta Sophia, Topkapi Palace, Hippodrome, and the Grand Bazaar. Istanbul University is also located in the Old City.

Modern Beyoglu is home to most of the city's luxury hotels, banks, hospitals, and consulates. This district's central hub is Taksim Square, from which many avenues branch off and lead to various sections of the new city. Cumhuriyet Caddesi, a wide, tree-lined road, offers sophisticated nightclubs and fancy restaurants. Istiklal Caddesi (Independence Avenue), the main street in Beyoglu, is now a pedestrian mall. Leading off Istiklal Caddesi are numerous atmospheric side streets and alleys that are fascinating to explore. The 19th-century palace of Dolmabahce is situated at the edge of Beyoglu, on the shores of the Bosporus.

## Local Transportation

**Metro:** Istanbul's ambitious plan to have a modern rapid-transit system is well under way. The system runs from about 6 am to a little past midnight. The fare is less than U.S.\$1.

The Tunnel was the first underground railway line opened in 1875. Still today this short line is important for urban transportation. Trains operate every 3.5 minutes and a trip takes about 3 minutes. The line runs from Karakoy to Tunel upper station and is linked to Taksim Square by a vintage tram.

The Light rail line was built in 1989, and runs from Aksaray towers in the western suburbs, to Yenibosna. It has a total length of 18 km with 16 stops. Aksaray, Emniyet, Ulubatli, Bayrampasa, Sagmacilar, Kartaltepe, Otogar, Esenler, Terazidere, Davutpasa, Merter, Zeytinburnu, Bakirkoy, Bahcelievler, Atakoy, Yeni Bosna.

The Modern tram line was built in 1990 and runs through the older parts of the city.

The Full metro line was built in 2000 and runs from Taksim to 4 Levent. It has a total length of 7 km with 6 stations. Taksim, Osmanbey, Sisli, Gayrettepe, Levent, 4 Levent. Recently a new line was opened which runs from Kabatas to Taksim Square or vice versa.

**Taxi:** Thousands of yellow taxis throng Istanbul's streets. Most are powered by clean-burning natural gas, and all have digital meters, which the drivers are required by law to run. That doesn't, however, mean they always do. If your driver doesn't start the taksimetre, or tries to haggle the start of the trip instead of running it, just point to the meter emphatically and say Taksimetre! (TAHK-see-MEHT-treh). This will ensure you are charged the correct price.

Turks don't tip taxi drivers, they round up the fare. If it ends up being U.S. \$4.75, a Turk will round it up to \$5. In many cases if the fare is US \$5.25, the driver will require only U.S. \$5, and not bother with the change. As a foreigner, your driver may assume you'll give a tip, but you needn't unless the driver provides some special service, such as helping with lots of heavy luggage.

## Cuisine: Specialties of Istanbul

In Istanbul, seafood is especially popular, and you'll find lots of small restaurants along the Bosporus Strait and Galata Bridge that sell local favorites like *balk-ekmek* (fish sandwich), *barbunya* (red mullet), and *kilic baligi* (swordfish).

# Athens in Brief

## City Layout and Details

Athens has two main centers: Syntagma (Constitution) Square and Omonia Square. Approximately a mile apart, these two squares are connected by two parallel avenues, Stadiou Street and Panepistimiou Street. From Syntagma Square, Mitropoleos Street leads, slightly downhill, to Monastiraki Square, near the flea market and the Plaka district. From Monastiraki Square, mile-long Athinas Street leads to Omonia Square. In the triangle formed by these three squares—Syntagma, Omonia, and Monastiraki—lies Athens's inner city, its shopping area, the central market, the main department stores, the post offices, banks, and many tavernas and restaurants.

Two helpful orientation landmarks are the Acropolis and Lycabettus Hill (the latter with the small white church and the Greek flag on top). Both are visible from most parts of the city.

#### Local Transportation

The Athens Metro has been dramatically improved and expanded in the recent years making it one of the most modern and efficient systems in the world. It has 3 lines, which are distinguished by the colors used in maps and signs (green, blue and red). The green line, which is the oldest and for the most part runs on the ground, connects Piraeus to Kifissia. The blue line runs from Piraeus Port to Doukissis Plakentias and the Eleftherios Venizelos International Airport, and the red line from Athoupoli to Elliniko. The first train of the day departs at 5:30 am and the last departs at 12:10 am.

There are many taxis in Athens, which can be recognized by the yellow color of the vehicles. The minimum charge is 5 euros. The taxi fare between the airport and the city center is 40 euros during the day and 50 euros at night. Radio equipped taxis are available for a small extra fee.

# Shopping: What to Buy, Customs, Shipping & More

There may be scheduled visits to local shops during your adventure. There is no requirement to make a purchase during these stops, and any purchase made is a direct transaction with the shop in question, subject to the vendor's terms of purchase. O.A.T. is not responsible for purchases you make on your trip or for the shipment of your purchases.

#### Returns

If you discover an issue with an item, you should contact the vendor directly and expect that any resolution will take longer than it would in the U.S. We recommend that you keep a copy of all your receipts, invoices, or contracts, along with the shop's contact information. Keep in mind, local practice may vary from U.S. standards, so don't assume that you have a certain number of days after the purchase to speak up or that you are guaranteed a refund.

## Crafts & Souvenirs

## Turkey

Traditional souvenirs include beautiful handmade rugs, tiles, pottery, gold jewelry, and products made of copper, silk, and leather.

**Bargaining:** In Turkey, some shops have fixed prices. In the open-air markets prices are usually flexible and negotiating is normal. The only rule is that if you make an offer, you should be prepared to buy at that price. Bring a mix of small bills so that you can pay in exact change.

Tip: Street vendors have been known to be persistent, so if you really aren't interested, it is best not to start the bargaining process, or even make eye contact.

**Antiques:** Items that are 100 years old or older are not allowed to leave Turkey. If someone offers you an antique item for sale, keep in mind that if it is truly more than 100 years old, they should not be selling it to you. They are either ignorant of the customs laws or the item is really not as old as they say it is.

## Greece

Specialties include handicrafts, gold and silver jewelry, embroidered shirts and dresses, fabrics, flokati rugs of fluffy sheep wool, pottery, onyx, marble, jars containing traditional marmalade, herbs (oregano and thyme), honey bars and jars of honey, olive oil, and traditional beauty products made from olives. These are available in the main shopping area downtown around Syntagma, Omonia, and Kolonaki squares as well as in Monastiraki, the flea market, where shopping sometimes involves bargaining. Some of the best jewelry comes from Ioannina, ceramics from Sifnos and Skopelos, and embroidery from Skryos, Crete, Lefkas, and Rhodes. Thessaly and Epirus regions specialize in flokati rugs.

# U.S. Customs Regulations & Shipping Charges

For all things related to U.S. Customs, the ultimate authority is the U.S. Bureau of Customs & Border Protection. Their website, **www.cbp.gov** has the answers to the most frequently asked questions. Or you can call them at **1-877-227-5511**.

The top three points to know are:

- At time of writing, your personal duty-free allowance is \$800 for items brought with you. Items totaling more than \$800 are subject to duty fees.
- Items shipped home are always subject to duty when received in the U.S. Even when the shop has offered to include shipping and duties in the price, this typically means shipping to the nearest customs facility and payment of the export duties—not door-to-door shipping or payment of the import duties. All additional duties or shipping charges would be your responsibility. Unless an item is small enough to send by parcel service (like FedEx), chances are you will need to arrange shipping or pick-up once the item is in the U.S. and will need to pay customs duties.
- It is illegal to import products made from endangered animal species. U.S. Customs & Border Protection will seize these items, as well as most furs, coral, tortoise shell, reptile skins, feathers, plants, and items made from animal skins.

# **DEMOGRAPHICS & HISTORY**

# Turkey

#### Facts, Figures & National Holidays

- Area: 302,535 square miles
- Capital: Ankara (although Istanbul is the largest city)
- Government: Unitary Presidential Constitutional Republic
- Languages: Turkish is the dominant language in the Turkic language group, which also includes such lesser-known tongues as Kirghiz, Kazakh, and Azerbaijani.
- Location: Turkey occupies the Asian peninsula of Anatolia (Asia Minor) and a tiny corner of the European peninsula of Thrace. These two regions form a land bridge, which is interrupted by a narrow waterway called the Bosporus. To the west, Turkey is bordered by the Aegean Sea, Greece, and Bulgaria; to the east, by Georgia, Armenia, and Iran; on the north, by the Black Sea; and to the south, by the Mediterranean Sea, Syria, and Iraq. While most of Turkey is in Asia, because of her membership in the Council of Europe she is regarded as a European country.
- **Geography:** Turkey is relatively big (larger than Texas) and has a varied geography. Many visitors come to Turkey expecting to find mostly dusty deserts, palm trees, and camel caravans, when in fact its diverse landscape also includes lots of craggy snowcapped mountains, gentle hills, broad lakes, cool pine forests, and miles of white beaches.
- Population: 84,680,273 (estimate)
- Religion: Muslim 99.8%, other 0.2%
- **Time Zone:** Turkey goes by Eastern European time: two hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time, or seven hours ahead of Eastern Standard Time. When it is noon in Turkey, it's 5 am in New York, and 2 am in Los Angeles.

#### National Holidays: Turkey

In addition to the holidays listed below,

#### **Turkey: A Brief History**

Long before recorded history, nomadic peoples inhabited Turkey. By 7000 BC, they'd ceased wandering and founded permanent settlements, including one of the world's oldest cities, Çatalhöyük (outside Konya). Turkey's first empire arose during the Bronze Age with the

Hittites. Rivals of Babylon and Egypt, they were eventually conquered by Assyrians and Greeks. Hellenic Turkey flourished in places like Troy, Lycia, and the Phyrgia. After Alexander the Great "liberated" Anatolia from Persia, the Romans arrived in 129 BC, and made Ephesus their capital.

In 330 AD, the Roman Emperor Constantine converted to Christianity, renamed Byzantium Constantinople, and made it his capital. For the next seven centuries it was the heart of the Byzantine (Eastern Roman) empire. But by the 11th century AD, Byzantine power had declined, and the Seljuk Turks invaded from Central Asia, bringing Islam with them, and conquering Syria, Palestine, and parts of the waning Byzantine Empire. The rise of the Seljuks prompted Christian Europe to mount a series of bloody Crusades. The Seljuk's demise came in the late 13th century when Mongols swept across Anatolia, splintering the Seljuk empire into small principalities called beyliks. One of these was led by Othman I, founder of the Ottoman dynasty.

The Ottoman empire grew based on an administrative and military model called the janissary system. It plucked the smartest and strongest boys from conquered subjects, and schooled them in Islam and war. For 300 years, this army pushed the empire from Anatolia to the Middle East, North Africa, and into Europe. In 1453, the Byzantine Empire received a deathblow when the Ottomans took the capital, Constantinople. Ottoman culture reached its zenith under Suleiman the Magnificent (1520–66), who codified Ottoman law, ensured tolerance of Christians and Jews, sponsored a flourishing of the arts, and expanded the borders. His likes were never seen again and after a succession of weak rulers and growing opposition from European states, by the late 17th century the empire began to decline. Its final gasp came with World War I.

Turkey's next visionary leader arose just after the war, during the Greek occupation of Izmir in 1919. A commander called Mustafa Kemal led his armies to victory against the French, Italians, and Greeks, who were expelled in 1922. In 1923, Turkey became an independent republic, with Kemal as president. Given the title "Ataturk" (meaning "father of the Turks"), he initiated a program of modernization, democratization and radical westernization. Ataturk made sweeping reforms to ensure that the new republic would be secular, including a new legal code to supplant Islamic law, and the limitation of clerical power. Women were granted equal rights, the alphabet was changed from Arabic to Latin, and even western styles of dress were favored. Ataturk also instituted free and compulsory education, and industrialized the economy. Ataturk ruled until his death in 1938, but the pillars of his policy, known as Kemalism, are still revered.

After World War II, Turkey furthered relations with Western Europe by joining the United Nations, and increasing individual liberties. Turkish troops fought in Korea, and Turkey was made a member of NATO in 1952. However, economic difficulties led to a military coup in 1960, followed by nearly two decades in which Turkey alternated between civilian and military rule.

In 1982, a new constitution was adopted and Turkey resumed its western ties. During the Gulf War, it supported UN forces. In 2014, Recep Tayyip Erdogan became president, after having served as Prime Minister since 2003. A religious conservative, he has exerted authoritarian control, and criticism of his regime for suppression of dissent, human rights abuses, and attacks on journalists are some reasons why Turkey's accession to the EU has been stalled since 2016.

# Greece

#### Facts, Figures & National Holidays

- Area: 50,949 square miles
- Capital: Athens
- **Population:** 10,775,643 (estimate)
- Languages: Greek
- **Geography:** The peninsula that constitutes mainland Greece is surrounded by more than 5000 islands, of which 220 are inhabited—169 have more than 150 inhabitants. The islands are divided into six groups: the Cyclades, the Ionians, the Dodecanese, the islands of the Northeastern Aegean, the Sporades and the Saronic Gulf islands. The two largest islands, Crete and Evia, do not belong to any group. Roughly four-fifths of Greece is mountainous, with most land lying over 1500m (4920ft) above sea level. Epiros and Macedonia, in northern Greece, still have extensive forests, but goat grazing, felling and forest fires have seriously denuded the rest of the country.
- Religions: Greek Orthodox 98%, Muslim 1.3%, other 0.7%
- **Time Zone:** Greece is on Eastern European Time, two hours ahead of Greenwich Mean Time (seven hours ahead of Eastern Time). Summer hours operate from the last Sunday in March until the last weekend in October.

#### National Holidays: Greece

In addition to the holidays listed below,	03/25 Greek Independence Day		
Greece celebrates a number of national holidays that follow a lunar calendar, such	05/01 Labor Day		
as Easter. To find out if you will be traveling	08/15 Dormition of the Holy Virgin		
during these holidays, please visit <b>www.</b> timeanddate.com/holidays.	10/28 The Ochi Day		
01/01 New Year's Day	12/25 Christmas Day		
01/06 Epiphany	12/26 Synaxis of the Mother of God		

#### **Greece: A Brief History**

The glory that was Greece reached its pinnacle during the Classical period, between 500 and 300 BC. But the seeds for that golden age, which has stood for centuries as a beacon of Western civilization, were sown at least 700,000 years ago, when humans first appeared in Greece. But it was during the Bronze Age, around 3,000 BC, when three major Greek civilizations emerged.

The Cycladic culture of the Aegean islands was sustained by farming and seafaring. But the small island populations made it hard for larger, more complex societies to organize. Not so for the Minoans of Crete, who created a palace culture, a written system of language, and effective

military and mercantile sectors. Had Crete not been wracked by natural disasters, the Minoans may have prevailed against the mainland Mycenaeans who landed around 1400 BC. But their star faded in 1100 BC, when the Dorians took over, and Greece entered a Dark Age.

Light dawned again around 800 B.C., when the Greeks came into contact with the Phoenicians. The Greeks borrowed their alphabet, which Homer used to record his epics. This was followed by the Persian Wars, which continued from 520 to 480 BC, and prompted some Greek city-states to form an alliance under Athens called the Delian League. When Persia was beaten in 461 BC, the leader Pericles presided over Athens' golden age. He rebuilt the city, including its iconic Acropolis. Aeschylus, Sophocles, and Euripides were writing plays; and Socrates and Plato were teaching. But when the Delian League clashed with the militaristic Peloponnesian League of Sparta, a Peloponnesian war persisted for 27 years, with Sparta prevailing.

Athens was conquered by Philip II of Macedon in 360 BC. When he was assassinated, his son Alexander (the Great) was embraced by Athens. Though Alexander built an empire that reached as far east as India, his death left Greece vulnerable. By 200 BC, Rome had annexed all of Greece, but they venerated the culture. Athens remained an important seat of learning until Justinian closed its philosophy schools in AD 529. Under Byzantine rule (AD 300–1200), many temples were modified to Christian use, and Athens became a provincial backwater.

After the fall of Constantinople in 1453, the Ottomans seized Athens and ruled for almost 400 years, during which time the Acropolis was desecrated. The Ottoman yoke was shaken off with the bloody 1829 War of Independence. Through the intervention of Britain, France, and Russia, Greece became a monarchy whose kings were largely foreigners. This helped to keep Greece out of World War I, but World War II was another story. The country was overrun by Hitler and the civilian population suffered greatly. More than half the nation's Jews were murdered.

In 1944, civil war broke out between the communist and monarchist resistance groups who had helped defeat the Nazis. It lasted for three years and took more lives than the entirety of World War II. A diaspora ensued, with many Greeks fleeing to Australia, the United States, and Canada. Greece joined NATO in 1952 and continued to be ruled as a monarchy until 1967, when former King Constantine fled Greece after a military junta. In 1974, democracy was restored and the monarchy was abolished in favor of a republic. In 1981, Greece joined the European Union.

The focus for 21<sup>st</sup> century Greece has been its economy. Integration with Europe brought a rising standard of living, but also skyrocketing costs and a serious debt crisis. This threatened to take down the EU, which provided bailouts that required strict austerity. Greeks endured record unemployment, protests, and successive governments. By 2018, Greece's credit rating improved and in 2019, the center-right New Democracy party of Prime Minister Kyriakos Mitsotakis won a landslide election, and did so again in 2023.

# **Suggested Reading**

#### Turkey

*Birds Without Wings* by Louis De Bernieres (2004, Fiction) A sweeping historical drama that weaves together the lives of an Anatolian family, the collapse of the Ottoman Empire, and the rise of Ataturk. Highly recommended.

*Fragments of Culture: The Everyday of Modern Turkey* by Deniz Kandiyoti and Ayse Saktanber (2002, Sociology) This carefully curated collection of articles by leading scholars from various disciplines offers a detailed and vivid portrait of daily life in contemporary Turkey.

**The Bastard of Istanbul** by Elif Shafak (2006, Fiction) Nineteen year-old Aysa is chafing to break free of the four headstrong women at the heart of her Istanbul family. But things change when her uncle's stepdaughter arrives from America. The two young women discover secrets that link their families to the 1915 Armenian genocide. The book caused a sensation in Turkey, where the author was put on trial for "insulting Turkishness."

**The Janissary Tree** by Jason Goodwin (2006, Historical Mystery) Winner of the Edgar Award, this is the first in a series of novels featuring the eunuch detective Yashim. Here, he prowls the alleys, harems, salons and mosques of 1836 Istanbul to solve three cases related to the historical disbanding (and slaughter) of the elite Janissary troops.

**The Museum of Innocence** (2008), **The White Castle** (1985), or **My Name is Red** (1998) by Orhan Pamuk (Historical Fiction) Three moving historical novels by the winner of the 2006 Nobel Prize in Literature. *The Museum of Innocence* is about a complicated love triangle in 1970s Istanbul; *The White Castle* tells of a seventeenth-century Italian scholar who becomes enslaved in the service of an astronomer; and *My Name is Red* describes the events surrounding the murder of a miniaturist during the height of the Ottoman Empire.

#### Greece

**The Rise of Athens: The Story of the World's Greatest Civilization** by Anthony Everitt (2017, History) This book traces the origins of modern Athens and goes well beyond it, with plenty of entertaining detail about the figures who made it great, as well as those who contributed to its demise.

Ancient Greece: Art, Architecture, and History by Marina Belozerskaya and Kenneth Lapatin (2004, Art/Architecture) A lively guide to the architecture, painting, and sculpture of ancient Greece with color illustrations.

*Dinner with Persephone* by Patricia Storace (1996, Travel Narrative) An American fluent in Greek, Storace recalls a year of living and traveling there and the complexities, heartbreak, humor, and resilience of a people rooted in their glorious past, yet uncertain of the future.

*The King Must Die* and *The Bull From the Sea* by Mary Renault (1958, Fiction) Modern retellings of the Greek myth of Theseus and the Minotaur. Recommended by travelers.

*Mythology: Timeless Tales of Gods and* Heroes and *Greek Mythology* by Edith Hamilton (1942, Mythology) These classic introductions to Greek and Roman mythology is still used as the standard in high schools and colleges throughout the U.S. From the Olympians to the Trojan War, Hamilton presents the myths and adventure stories of the ancient world in a clear and accessible manner.

# Suggested Films & Videos

## Turkey

*Midnight Express* (1978, Drama) Based on the real experiences of an American tourist who was imprisoned in Turkey for trying to smuggle hashish in the 1970s. With its gripping prison scenes and harsh portrayals of the Turkish police, the film was (and still is) controversial and unpopular in Turkey.

**Bliss** (2007, Drama) A gorgeous and surprising look at a difficult subject. When a young woman in an extremely traditional village is suspected of sexual relations outside of marriage, one of her distant cousins is recruited to commit an "honor killing," but ends up trying to protect his potential victim instead.

**A Touch of Spice** (2003, Comedy/Drama). A favorite in Turkey, this heartwarming story follows a Greek boy growing up in Istanbul as he learns about food and life from his grandfather.

*Uzak* (Distant) (2002, Drama) Some consider this Istanbul classic to be one of the best Turkish films ever made. It concerns a country bumpkin who becomes the unwelcome guest of his city photographer cousin.

*Kedi* (2016, Documentary) A heartwarming documentary that follows some of Istanbul's *kedi*—street cats that are beloved and cared for by multiple humans as community pets. The felines are an institution in Istanbul, and are pretty much given free reign to roam wherever they want—they've been known to show up at fashion shows, concerts, and even inside places of worship.

## Greece

*Mamma Mia!* (2008) and *Mamma Mia, Here We Go Again* (2018) (Musical Comedy) Yes, there is Meryl Streep and an all-star cast. Yes, there are the bouncy, nostalgic soundtracks based on hits by the 70s supergroup, ABBA. But there are also idyllic Greek islands, and whimsical fantasies about the life you could live there. **Troy** (2004, Drama) This may not have been 2004's best film, but it was its highest grossing one, thanks to an all-star cast (Brad Pitt, Peter O'Toole, Brian Cox, Diane Kruger, and Orlando Bloom), sweeping sets, and an epic story based on Homer's *Iliad*. It concerns the motivations of the central characters as they reach their destinies during the historic battle between the Trojans, and the various Greek armies at their gates.

*My Life in Ruins* (2009, Comedy) A romantic comedy about a tour guide (Nia Vardalos) set among the ruins of classical Greece. Vardalos also wrote and starred in *My Big Fat Greek Wedding.* 

**Zorba the Greek** (1964, Comedy/Drama) This classic still stands the test of time. Anthony Quinn plays the iconic Zorba, a lusty and exuberant musician, who strikes up a friendship with an uptight Englishman (Alan Bates) during a picaresque adventure in Greece.

**The Guns of Navarone** (1961, Action) Follows six Allied and Greek soldiers as they try to disable the two German guns that are preventing the evacuation of British troops from a Greek island in WWII. But the real heavy artillery is the cast—Gregory Peck, David Niven, and Anthony Quinn all won at least one Oscar each during their distinguished careers.

# **Useful Websites**

**Overseas Adventure Travel** www.oattravel.com

**Overseas Adventure Travel Frequently Asked Questions** www.oattravel.com/faq

International Health Information/CDC (Centers for Disease Control) www.cdc.gov/travel

**Electricity & Plugs** www.worldstandards.eu/electricity/ plugs-and-sockets

**Foreign Exchange Rates** www.xe.com/currencyconverter www.oanda.com/converter/classic

ATM Locators www.mastercard.com/atm www.visa.com/atmlocator World Weather www.intellicast.com www.weather.com www.wunderground.com

**Basic Travel Phrases** (80 languages) www.travlang.com/languages

Packing Tips www.travelite.org

**U.S. Customs & Border Protection** www.cbp.gov/travel

**Transportation Security** Administration (TSA) www.tsa.gov

National Passport Information Center www.travel.state.gov

Holidays Worldwide www.timeanddate.com/holidays

History & Culture en.wikipedia.org

# **Useful Apps**

**Flight Stats** Track departures, arrivals, and flight status

**LoungeBuddy** Get access to premium airport lounges around the world

#### Timeshifter

Personalized tips for avoiding jetlag, based on neuroscience and your own data

**GoogleMaps** Maps and directions anywhere in the world

**Triposo** City guides, walking maps, and more – and it works offline

**Rome2rio** Where to go, what to see, and what to do in more than 160 countries

**Flush or Sit or Squat** Find a clean toilet anywhere

**Uber** Ride sharing around the world

**Visa Plus and Mastercard Cirrus ATM locations** Shows the location of the nearest ATM in your network

#### TunnelBear

Provides a secure VPN (virtual private network) that will encrypt your browsing data when you use a public WiFi network

What's App, Skype, or Signal WiFi calling anywhere in the world

**Duolingo, FLuentU, or Babbel** Learn dozens of foreign languages

**Google Translate** Fast and simple translations **XE** Currency conversions

**SizeGuide** Clothing and shoe sizes in all countries

**Best Units Converter** Converts currency, mileage, weights, and many other units of measurement

**Tourlina** For women only, it connects you with other female travelers

Happy Cow Locate vegan and vegetarian eateries in 195 countries

**Eatwith** Dine with locals all over the world

**Meetup** Connects you with locals who share your interests

**Skyview** Identifies constellations and heavenly bodies

**Travello** Find travel friends on the road

ALIX for One Created by and for women, it identifies solo-friendly dining spots in major international cities

**TripWhistle** Maps your location and provides emergency numbers for police, medics, and more

**GeoSure** Safely navigate neighborhoods around the world

**Chirpey** For women only, connect with other women, find out what's safe, meet up, and more



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